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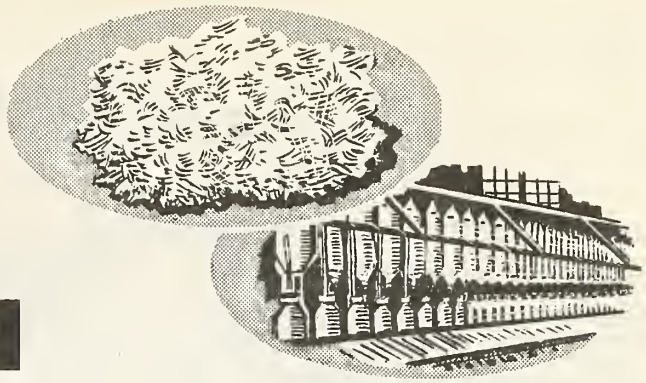
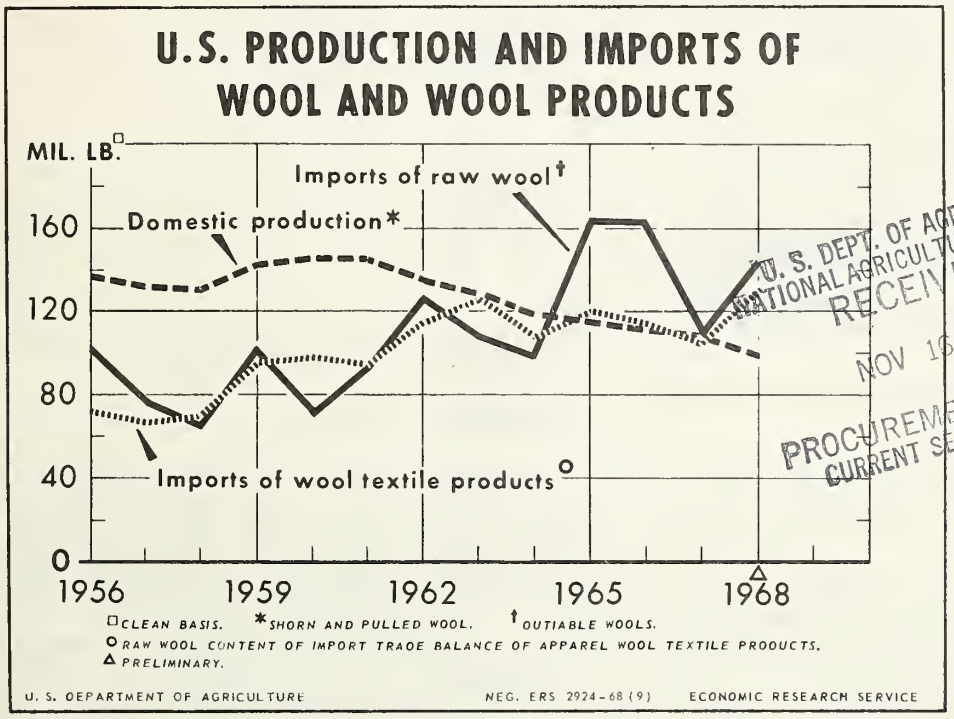


WOOL SITUATION

TWS-85 OCTOBER 1968



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IN THIS ISSUE

Consumption and Import Estimates

Mill Consumption of Raw Wool

In 10 Major Manufacturing Countries

Published Four Times A Year
ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE • U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Wool Situation at a Glance

Item	Unit	1967 June	1967 July	1967 Aug.	1968 June	1968 July	1968 Aug.
Average price received by farmers, grease basis	Ct. per lb.	42.1	41.4	40.5	41.6	40.9	40.6
Parity price 1/	Ct. per lb.	86.8	87.3	86.8	88.9	89.1	88.9
Farm price as a percentage of parity	Percent	49	47	47	47	46	46
Index numbers of prices received by farmers	1910-14=100	237	233	228	234	230	228
Index numbers of prices received by farmers	1957-59=100	96	95	91	95	93	93
Domestic prices, Boston, clean basis 2/							
Graded territory							
Fine, good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	123.5	124.5	123.7	122.0	122.0	122.0
1/2 blood, good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	116.2	113.8	111.9	110.0	110.0	110.9
Graded fleece							
3/8 blood, good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	97.5	93.8	89.5	82.0	82.0	85.0
1/4 blood, good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	92.5	90.2	87.1	80.0	80.0	82.4
Original bag Texas, fine 12 months							
good French combing and staple	Ct. per lb.	125.0	127.5	127.5	125.0	125.8	126.0
Imported prices, Boston, clean, excluding duty 2/							
Australian, 64's 70's, good topmaking	Ct. per lb.	117.5	117.5	116.5	117.5	117.5	117.5
Australian, 64's combing	Ct. per lb.	112.5	112.5	111.5	112.5	112.5	112.5
Montevideo, 0's (58's, 60's)	Ct. per lb.	94.5	94.5	94.5	79.0	79.0	79.0
Montevideo, 2's (50's)	Ct. per lb.	72.5	72.5	72.5	61.5	61.5	61.5
Buenos Aires, 5's (40's)	Ct. per lb.	46.0	46.0	46.0	44.0	44.0	47.0
BLS Wholesale price index 3/							
All commodities	1957-59=100	106.3	106.5	106.1	108.7	109.1	108.7
Textile products and apparel	1957-59=100	101.6	101.5	101.7	105.2	105.8	106.0
Wool products	1957-59=100	103.2	103.3	102.9	103.8	103.9	104.1
Wool broadwoven fabrics	1957-59=100	106.7	106.6	106.6	108.3	108.5	108.5
Personal income payments (adjusted) 4/	Bil. dol.	625.8	629.8	634.2	683.7	689.2	694.3
Retail store sales (apparel group adjusted) 4/	Mil. dol.	1,524	1,538	1,562	1,572	---	---
Mill consumption, scoured basis 5/							
Average weekly rate (unadjusted) 6/							
Apparel wool	1,000 lb.	4,652	3,847	4,533	4,955	3,970	4,584
Carpet wool	1,000 lb.	1,381	1,144	1,740	1,800	1,482	1,813
Average weekly rate (seasonally adjusted) 6/							
Apparel wool	1,000 lb.	4,315	4,209	4,272	4,605	[illegible]	4,320
Carpet wool	1,000 lb.	1,454	1,565	1,596	1,895	[illegible]	1,663
Monthly aggregates 6/							
Apparel wool	Mil. lb.	23.3	15.4	18.1	19.8	19.9	18.3
Carpet wool	Mil. lb.	6.9	4.6	7.0	7.2	7.4	7.3
Accumulated since January 1							
Apparel wool	Mil. lb.	119.9	135.2	153.4	125.8	145.6	164.0
Carpet wool	Mil. lb.	40.6	45.2	52.1	47.0	54.4	61.7
Total apparel and carpet	Mil. lb.	160.5	180.4	205.5	172.8	200.0	225.7
Imports for consumption, clean content							
Monthly aggregates							
Dutiable wools	1,000 lb.	9,489	6,963	7,734	8,705	11,291	9,461
Duty-free wools	1,000 lb.	6,347	6,907	7,316	10,287	14,004	9,701
Accumulated since January 1							
Dutiable wools	Mil. lb.	58.7	65.7	73.4	74.6	85.9	95.3
Duty-free wools	Mil. lb.	32.1	39.0	46.4	57.6	71.6	81.3
Total dutiable and duty-free	Mil. lb.	90.9	104.7	119.8	132.2	157.5	176.6
Man-made staple and tow prices							
Acrilan 3 denier 7/	Ct. per lb.	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0
Dacron, 3 denier, type 54 7/	Ct. per lb.	72.0	58.0	58.0	61.0	61.0	61.0
Orlon, 3 denier, 7/	Ct. per lb.	106.0	106.0	106.0	89.0	89.0	89.0
Viscose, 1 1/2 denier 8/	Ct. per lb.	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0

1/ Effective parity prices as computed currently using base prices in effect and indexes for months indicated. These are the legally applicable parity prices for the following month. 2/ From Weekly Review of the Boston Wool Market. 3/ United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. 4/ United States Department of Commerce (seasonally adjusted annual rates). 5/ On woolen and worsted systems; excludes wool consumed on the cotton and other spinning systems and in the manufacture of processed felt, hat bodies, and other miscellaneous products. 6/ 4 or 5 weeks generally totaling 13 weeks per quarter. 7/ From Modern Textile Magazine. 8/ From Textile Organon.

THE WOOL SITUATION

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SUMMARY*

World prospects for wool in the remaining months of this year and well into 1969 include a mildly stronger tone in prices and increased consumption. Last year's record production is expected to be surpassed by a small increase this year. In addition, world stocks of raw wool continue relatively large.

Prices of Dominion combing wools in November 1967 were down to the lowest level in 9 years. A 5 percent increase in prices occurred from November to February. But relative stability--a nominal 2 percent price rise--characterized the February-September period.

World mill consumption of raw wool for 1968 is expected to increase moderately, after having declined 5 percent last year to a level sharply below production. Mill use of wool began recovering during the fourth quarter of 1967 in 10 major manufacturing countries; this trend likely will continue into 1969, possibly to midyear. Also, there is some evidence that wool use is increasing in other countries.

Due largely to production increases in Australia, New Zealand, and communist countries, world wool output in 1968/69 will total about 1 percent above the year-earlier record. Production in most other countries is declining. Apparel wool production is larger; carpet wool production is somewhat smaller. Stocks of wool in mid-1968 were above a year earlier in major consuming countries, but reduced in the 5 major surplus-producing countries of the Southern Hemisphere.

U.S. production of shorn wool in 1969 will be moderately less than the 176 million pounds, grease basis, expected in 1968, as sheep numbers decline further from the 22.1 million head on U.S. farms and ranches on January 1, 1968. Mill use of raw apparel wool is expected to further recover next year. Since some strengthening may also occur in world prices in coming months, market prices received by U.S. growers for shorn wool in 1969 probably will average slightly above this year's

*The summary of this report was released on October 22, 1968.

prices. Prices in 1968 appear to be averaging close to the 1967 national-average price of 39.8 cents a pound, grease basis.

The Agriculture Act of 1968 received final approval on October 11, 1968. This legislation extended all Wool Act provisions through 1970. The previously announced support price for shorn wool marketed in 1969 is 69 cents a pound, and the support price in 1970 probably will be higher because of a higher parity price index.

Reduced U.S. stocks of wool tops and wool fabric, relatively low raw wool prices, and a further rise in consumer incomes have caused a 4 percent increase in U.S. mill consumption of raw apparel wool in January-August 1968. Production of finished broadwoven wool fabric was 2 percent above a year earlier, and output of sales yarn for knitting rose 5 percent. All recovery in raw wool use occurred in the worsted sector; wool consumption on the woolen system declined. Raw apparel wool use for 1968 is now expected to rise about 10 to 15 million pounds, scoured basis, over the relatively low 229 million pounds used in 1967.

A further moderate recovery likely will occur in 1969. Supporting this prospect will be a continuation of raw wool prices at competitive levels, and probably another rise in consumer incomes. Wool fabric stocks at the end of July 1968 were the lowest in over 2 years, favoring an increase in wool use in coming months. However, competition from man-made fibers will continue strong.

Imports of dutiable raw wool in January-August rose 30 percent above a year earlier and by the end of 1968 may total some 140 million pounds, clean content, compared with 109 million pounds in 1967. Most of the increase reflected expanded mill use of raw apparel wool, but reduced U.S. raw wool production also contributed. Based on further increases expected in mill use and declines in wool production, imports may rise somewhat more next year.

U.S. imports of semiprocessed and manufactured wool textiles in January-August 1968 were 19 percent above a year earlier. Apparel product imports--mostly woven fabric and apparel--rose 32 percent. Imports of noils declined 9 percent, but imports of wool wastes increased 28 percent. Carpet and rug imports rose 7 percent.

Weekly average mill use of raw carpet wool in January-August 1968 was 15 percent above the relatively low level of use in 1967. The total for 1968 may reach 100 million pounds, scoured basis, up from 84 million pounds last year. Prices of carpet wool have continued relatively low this year, following a sharp decline last year. Also, production of all carpets and rugs is increasing. However, wool's share of total fiber use has been declining. But if carpet wool prices continue low and production of all carpets increases in 1969 as expected, another rather sharp increase in wool use probably will occur.

Imports of duty-free raw wool--mostly carpet wool--in January-August 1968 were 75 percent above a year earlier, and may total 110 million pounds, clean content, for the whole year, compared with 78 million pounds in 1967. A further rise may be in store next year.

Disappearance of U.S. mohair (domestic consumption plus exports) in 1969 is expected to continue strong, as prices are relatively low, mill industry activity is up, and stocks in other countries are small. U.S. mohair production in 1968 is expected to total moderately less than in 1967 because of fewer goats. Mohair top production in January-August 1968 increased 24 percent above a year earlier, and use of mohair and other specialty hair fibers on the woolen system was 11 percent larger. U.S. mohair exports in the first 8 months of 1968 were 12 percent above a year earlier. Commercial stocks of mohair in the United States on January 1, 1969, probably will be moderately less than the relatively large holdings of 15 million pounds, scoured basis, at the beginning of 1968. But they likely will remain large enough to hold prices at relatively low levels during the next several months.

THE U.S. WOOL SITUATION

1969 WOOL PRICES TO AVERAGE LITTLE HIGHER

U.S. supplies of raw apparel wool are running moderately above last year. Although production is down, imports of apparel wools are up.

On the demand side, mill use of raw apparel wool is moderately above last year, despite further inroads of man-made fibers.

Prices received by U.S. growers for shorn wool this year are running on average about 39 to 40 cents a pound, grease basis. This is close to last year's level. January-March 1968 prices were lower, compared with the same period of 1967. But since April they have been at about the same level. For the rest of 1968 they probably will hold slightly above the declining levels of late 1967. (See table 1.)

Boston prices of domestic shorn wool were relatively stable during June-September 1968, after having strengthened slightly in May. Prices of most grades during this period were some 1 to 4 percent above prices in January-April. Prices of common and braid wools declined about 8 percent. Compared with a year earlier, prices of shorn wool in September 1968 were largely unchanged, except for declines in 48's and coarser wool. Prices of pulled wool in September generally were below a year earlier. (See Statistical Summary, Part I - Domestic Wool Prices, and fig. 1.)

Prices received by U.S. growers for shorn wool in 1969 are expected to average a little higher, as world wool prices probably will strengthen slightly, particularly in the first half of 1969. U.S. production of wool will drop further and mill use of raw wool in the United States is expected to increase.

1968 LEGISLATION EXTENDS WOOL ACT

On October 11, the President signed the Agriculture Act of 1968, extending through 1970 the Agriculture Act of 1965. The Wool Act

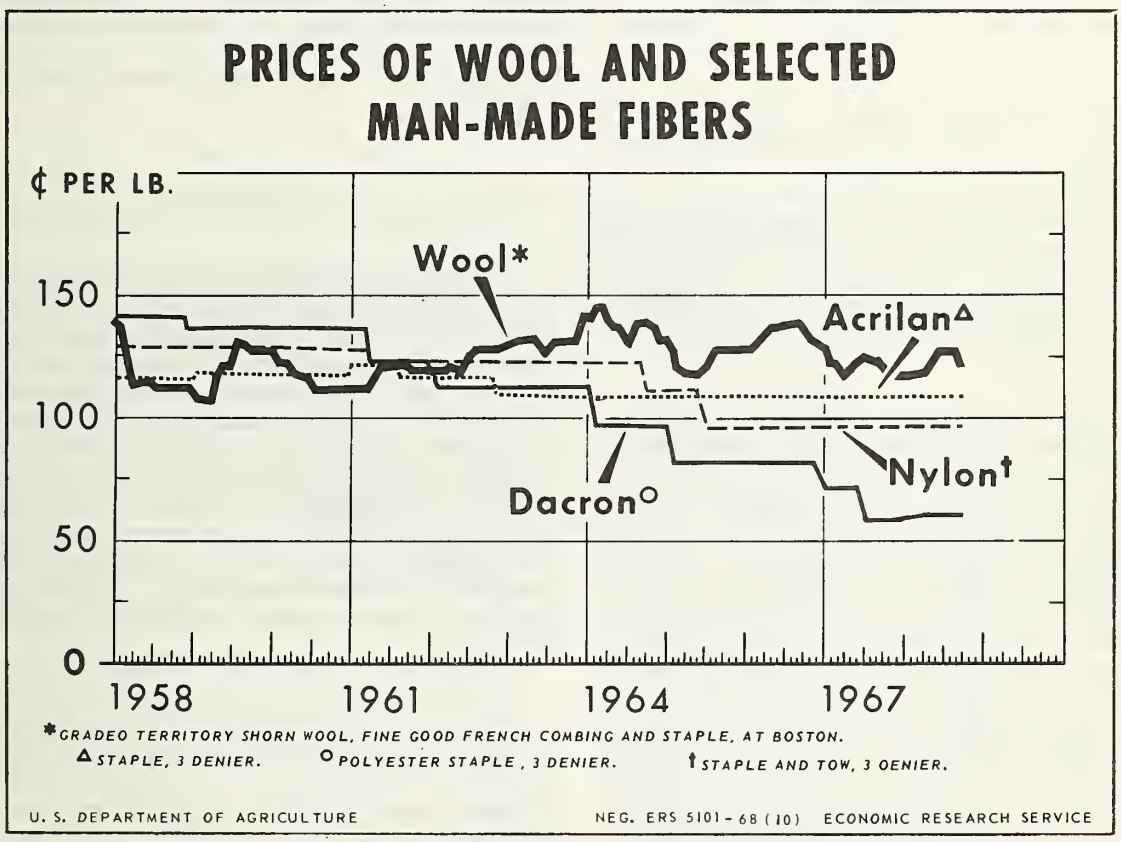

Figure 1

Table 1 .--Average price per pound, grease basis, received by farmers for shorn wool, U.S., by months, 1964-68

Month	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968 1/
	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents
Jan.	50.3	45.0	47.7	40.6	39.0
Feb.	52.5	45.9	50.2	40.4	37.0
Mar.	54.9	46.3	53.1	40.6	37.9
Apr.	54.6	46.9	54.0	39.4	39.8
May	53.8	47.3	53.3	40.1	41.2
June	54.7	48.8	54.0	42.1	41.6
July	52.4	47.3	51.3	41.4	40.9
Aug.	51.0	46.8	49.0	40.5	40.6
Sept.	50.0	45.9	47.4	38.2	40.2
Oct.	51.2	45.6	42.4	38.9	
Nov.	49.3	46.0	43.0	38.2	
Dec.	47.3	46.8	43.1	35.6	
Weighted season average	53.2	47.1	52.1	39.8	

1/ Preliminary.

Crop Reporting Board, SRS.

was included with no changes, except the establishment of authority for payments on 1970 marketings of wool and mohair.

For 1969 shorn wool marketings the support price, which reflects changes in the parity index, is 69 cents a pound, up 2 cents from this year and 7 cents above 1955-65. The support price for mohair in 1969 is 77.4 cents a pound. (See table 18.)

The method of determining the support or incentive level for shorn wool, as amended in 1965, ties the support price in 1966 and each subsequent marketing year to changes in the parity index (the index of prices paid by farmers, including commodities and services, interest, taxes and farm wage rates). The support price is calculated by multiplying 62 cents (the 1955-65 support price) by the ratio of the average of the parity index for the 3 calendar years immediately preceding the calendar year in which such price is determined and announced, to the average parity index for the 3 calendar years, 1958, 1959, and 1960, rounded to the nearest full cent. The 1969 support price was determined as follows: The parity index in 1958-60 averaged 297.3, and in 1965-67 it averaged 332.3. Thus, the ratio was 1.118, and this multiplied by 62 cents yields the support price of 69 cents on 1969 marketings.

In determining the 1970 support price for shorn wool, the parity index for 1965 will be dropped from the formula and the 1968 index added. Based on preliminary data for January-September 1968, the parity index for 1968 would be well above the 1965 index, and would raise the support price for 1970 marketings to 72 cents.

U.S. SHORN WOOL PRODUCTION TO DECREASE

U.S. production of shorn wool next year is expected to total moderately less than in 1968. The number of sheep and lambs on U.S. farms and ranches declined 7 percent during 1967 to 22.1 million head on January 1, 1968, and a further moderate decline is occurring this year.

Shorn wool production in 1968 was estimated in July to total 176 million pounds, grease basis. This is equivalent to about 84 million pounds, clean basis, and is nearly 7 percent less than a year earlier. (See cover chart.)

JANUARY 1, 1968 STOCKS OF RAW WOOL

Commercial stocks of raw apparel wool in the United States on January 1, 1968, totaled 81 million pounds, scoured basis--8 percent less than a year earlier. Based on weekly average mill consumption in October-December 1967, these stocks were equivalent to 19.4 weeks of consumption. Stocks a year earlier had been equivalent to nearly 22 weeks of consumption, but stocks in 1963-66 ranged from 15 to about 18 weeks of consumption. Thus the 1968 stocks were relatively large. Stocks of domestic wool were above a year earlier; those of foreign apparel wool were down. (See table 2.)

Stocks of raw carpet wool on January 1 also were reduced both in quantity and weeks of supply. However, the 1968 weeks of supply, at 14.8, were above the 1963-66 range of 12 to 14 weeks.

Table 2.--Commercial stocks of wool tops, raw apparel and carpet wool, scoured basis, and a comparison of raw wool stocks with mill consumption, United States, 1959 to 1968 1/

Year beginning January 1	Wool tops	Reported raw wool stocks				Weeks of mill supply represented by stocks 3/	
		Apparel			Carpet		
		Domestic 2/	Foreign	Total		Apparel	Carpet
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	Number	Number
1959	14,820	61,865	30,064	91,929	33,568	22.6	11.4
1960	20,253	61,918	38,821	100,739	50,691	21.8	16.5
1961	22,014	61,371	29,919	91,290	40,708	23.1	13.8
1962	17,008	54,730	32,630	87,360	44,479	16.6	14.2
1963	21,312	43,316	34,423	77,739	40,555	15.2	13.2
1964	24,053	46,261	26,408	72,669	41,137	17.6	13.9
1965	17,663	40,679	32,212	72,891	30,379	17.9	12.7
1966	19,610	47,768	43,677	91,445	27,477	17.1	12.4
1967	26,011	47,735	40,517	88,252	29,504	21.8	15.9
1968	19,234	50,417	30,848	81,265	26,531	19.4	14.8

1/ Includes stocks held on consignment, stocks held in bond, and stocks in process of manufacture up to the carding operation.
2/ Excludes wool held for the account of domestic growers except that held on consignment for growers.
3/ Stocks compared with mill consumption during 3 previous months.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

MILL USE OF APPAREL WOOL TO RISE FURTHER

Prospects appear favorable for increased U.S. mill consumption of raw apparel wool in the remaining months of 1968 and in 1969. Stocks of wool fabric at the end of July were relatively low and only a small increase is expected in average wool prices. The rising trend in consumer incomes probably will continue, but competition from man-made fibers may intensify. Consumption of raw apparel wool in 1968 is expected to total 240 to 245 million pounds, scoured basis. This is about 5 to 7 percent above 1967. For 1969, further and similar recovery in mill use of raw apparel wool is expected.

Consumption during January-August 1968 (35 weeks) amounted to about 164 million pounds, scoured basis, up from 153 million pounds in January-August 1967 (34 weeks). This indicates a 7 percent increase thus far in 1968. (See table 3.) However, the increase in weekly consumption averages 4 percent. Mill use of raw wool, seasonally adjusted, began increasing in late 1967, after having declined since mid-1966. (See fig. 2, and table 19.) Gains during

Table 3.--U.S. mill consumption of raw wool, scoured basis, January-August 1959 to date

Year	Apparel wool	Carpet wool	Total
	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
1959	179,368	114,617	293,985
1960	172,109	110,674	282,783
1961	168,983	93,048	262,031
1962	192,443	95,806	288,249
1963	179,665	108,188	287,853
1964	158,795	79,311	238,106
1965	178,249	72,605	250,854
1966	191,362	70,038	261,400
1967	153,374	52,137	205,511
1968 1/	163,979	61,671	225,650

1/ Preliminary.
Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

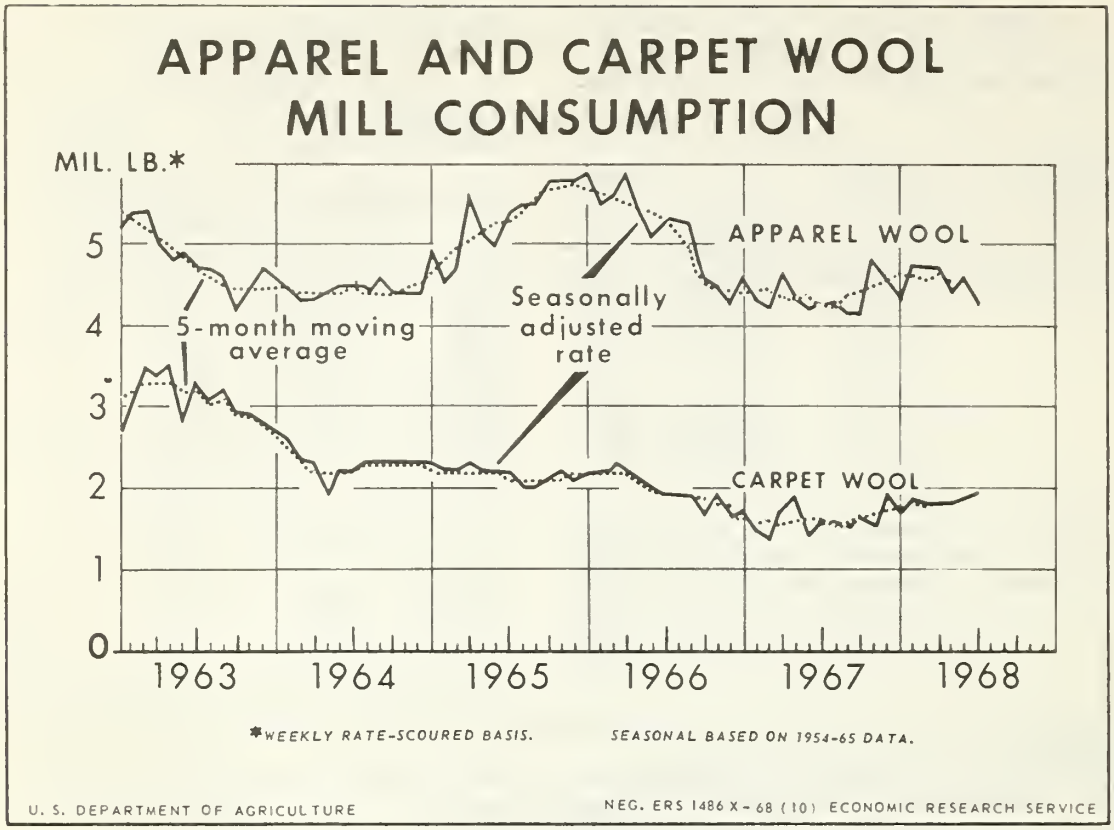

Figure 2

the last several months are associated with declining mill inventories of wool textiles and reduced raw wool prices. A further rise in consumer incomes also has aided the recovery in wool consumption; at the same time use of man-made fibers has also increased.

Demand for finer grades of wool in January-August 1968 was slightly stronger than demand for coarser types. For example, 60's and finer wools accounted for 50.2 percent of total wool use--about 1 percentage point more than a year earlier. More of the 60's and finer grade wool was used on the woolen system, but slightly less on the worsted system. In constrast, total use of the coarser grades declined. (See table 4.)

Raw wool consumption on the worsted system in the first 8 months of 1968 rose 15 percent above a year earlier. Production of wool top amounted to about 97 million pounds, up 13 million. (See table 20.) Man-made fiber converted to top without combing in January-August 1968 was 34 percent above a year earlier.

Woolen system fiber consumption for apparel yarns in the first 8 months of 1968 totaled 201 million pounds--3 percent more than a year earlier. However, this increase is attributed to a 17 percent rise in the use of man-made fibers. Use of virgin wool and non-virgin wool declined 5 percent and 2 percent, respectively. (See table 20.)

WOOL TEXTILE STOCKS LOW: UNFILLED ORDERS UP

Stocks of finished wool apparel fabric at the weaving mill level thus far in 1968 have remained at relatively low levels. At the end of July, these stocks were 3 percent below last year. Unfilled orders for finished wool apparel fabric began increasing in late 1967, and by the end of July 1968 totaled 31 percent more than a year earlier. These trends during the last several months resulted in a lower ratio of inventories to unfilled orders for finished apparel fabric. A decline in the ratio, as in 1968, is associated with recovery in mill use of raw wool. (See table 5.)

Table 4.--Percentage distribution of apparel wool consumption, by system and grades, January-August 1964 to date

Year	60's and finer	50's up to 60's	48's and coarser	Total
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
	Woolen system			
1964	41.7	48.8	9.5	100.0
1965	40.8	51.2	8.0	100.0
1966	37.1	55.4	7.5	100.0
1967	32.8	60.2	7.0	100.0
1968 2/	35.7	56.3	8.0	100.0
	Worsted system			
1964	51.7	41.3	7.0	100.0
1965	58.3	1/	1/	100.0
1966	60.3	39.7		100.0
1967	59.5	40.5		100.0
1968 2/	58.2	41.8		100.0
	Total			
1964	47.6	44.4	8.0	100.0
1965	51.7	1/	1/	100.0
1966	51.9	48.1		100.0
1967	48.8	51.2		100.0
1968 2/	50.2	49.8		100.0

1/ Not available.
2/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

The worsted sector accounted for most of the decline in the inventory-unfilled orders ratio this year. Stocks of finished worsted wool fabric at the end of July 1968 were 3 percent less than a year earlier, but stocks of polyester-wool blends were 17 percent larger. However, unfilled orders for each of these fabrics were 48 percent above a year earlier. Wool apparel fabric stocks of woolen construction at the end of July 1968 were 9 percent smaller, but unfilled orders for these fabrics were only 6 percent above a year earlier. (See table 21.)

Relatively low stocks of gray wool apparel fabric also have had a role in increasing mill consumption of raw wool this year. At the end of July 1968, these stocks of gray wool fabric totaled 15 percent less than a year earlier. Stocks of worsteds declined 16 percent; those of woolens were down 15 percent.

Stocks of wool tops last January 1 amounted to about 19 million pounds, down 26 percent from the relatively high level of a year earlier. A prior liquidation of these stocks during 1967 signaled the drop in mill use of raw wool last year. Also, the more normal level of stocks this year has contributed to increased use of raw wool on the worsted system as demand for wool products improved. (See table 2.)

WOVEN FABRIC PRODUCTION UP SLIGHTLY

Output of finished broadwoven wool fabric during January-June 1968 totaled 130 million linear yards. This was 2 percent above the relatively low level of a year earlier. Production of man-made fiber fabric amounted to a record 2.6 billion linear yards, up 26 percent from a year earlier; cotton goods production was down 9 percent. (See table 6.)

Finished wool fabric production for apparel in January-June totaled 127 million linear yards, 5 percent more than in the first half of 1967. Production for men's and boys' wear--about two-thirds worsteds--rose 20 percent. Output for women's and children's wear--mostly woolen fabric--was about the same as

Table 5.--Finished wool apparel fabrics: Ratio of inventories to unfilled orders, by months, 1964 to date

Month	Inventories as a percentage of unfilled orders				
	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
Jan.	35	21	17	37	26
Feb.	37	21	19	35	27
Mar.	39	22	20	37	28
Apr.	36	22	25	36	28
May	35	21	23	36	26
June	33	19	23	33	24
July	29	21	24	29	22
Aug.	39	19	24	29	
Sept.	27	18	27	28	
Oct.	22	17	26	27	
Nov.	21	20	29	25	
Dec.	20	17	31	25	

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 6 .--Production of woolen and worsted fabric and cotton and man-made fiber broadwoven goods, U.S., annual 1963-67, by quarters, 1965 to date

Year and quarter	Woolen and worsted	Cotton 1/	Man-made 1/	
			Rayon and acetate	Non-cellulosic
	Million linear yards	Million linear yards	Million linear yards	Million linear yards
1963	284.4	8,759.3	1,714.1	1,287.6
1964	255.2	8,966.1	3,515.5	
1965	267.3	9,237.8	3,899.2	
1966	264.9	8,839.9	4,209.9	
1967 2/	237.7	8,280.3	4,214.3	
1965				
Jan.-Mar.	65.9	2,364.2	965.8	
Apr.-June	73.4	2,374.0	974.0	
July-Sept.	66.8	2,189.5	954.5	
Oct.-Dec.	61.2	2,310.1	1,004.9	
1966				
Jan.-Mar.	74.5	2,294.1	1,103.8	
Apr.-June	74.2	2,289.1	1,093.0	
July-Sept.	61.8	2,082.9	1,002.7	
Oct.-Dec.	54.4	2,173.8	1,010.5	
1967 2/				
Jan.-Mar.	61.8	2,221.2	1,015.1	
Apr.-June	65.9	2,130.7	1,035.2	
July-Sept.	52.7	1,896.8	994.2	
Oct.-Dec.	57.3	2,031.6	1,169.8	
1968 2/				
Jan.-Mar.	62.0	2,034.8	1,278.8	
Apr.-June	68.4	1,924.5	1,313.2	

1/ Excluding tire fabric. 2/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

a year earlier. Production of wool fabric for government orders declined 39 percent. (See table 22.)

Deliveries of all fabric to the military forces in 1968 continued declining from the peak level reached in late 1966 and early 1967. Deliveries of all-wool fabric in January-July 1968 totaled 6 million square yards. This was 68 percent less than a year earlier. The wool content of these fabrics and a small quantity of wool used in blends totaled 5 million pounds in January-July 1968. (See tables 23 and 24.)

OUTPUT OF WOOL SALES YARN FOR KNITTING INCREASES

A small increase this year in production of wool yarn for sale to the knitting trades indicates some recovery in this sector of the wool industry. In January-August 1968, production of these wool yarns increased 5 percent above a year earlier. Output of worsted wool yarn was up 4 percent. Production of woolen yarn for sale to the knitting industry was up 7 percent.

U.S. IMPORTS OF WOOL TEXTILES INCREASING

Strengthening U.S. demand for wool products this year, in addition to the recovery in mill use of raw wool, has resulted in larger imports of semiprocessed and manufactured wool textiles. During January-August 1968, imports of these products rose 19 percent above a year earlier, and totaled 99 million pounds, raw wool content. In contrast, U.S. exports of these products amounted to about 6 million pounds--down 11 percent. (See fig. 3, cover chart, and tables 25 and 26.)

Imports of apparel wool textiles in the first 8 months of 1968 totaled 63 million pounds, raw wool content. This was 32 percent above a year earlier. All categories showed gains. Woven fabric imports--accounting for about 37 percent of total imports--increased 36 percent. Imports of wool apparel--another large category--were up 40 percent.

Imports of wool noils totaled 19 million pounds--about 9 percent less than a year earlier. Imports of wool wastes rose 28 percent, to 10 million pounds. Wool carpet and rug imports totaled 6 million pounds, up 7 percent.

DUTIABLE RAW WOOL IMPORTS UP 30 PERCENT

Declining production and increasing use of raw apparel wool in the United States thru August of this year resulted in a 30 percent increase in imports of dutiable raw wool. Imports of dutiable raw wool in January-August 1968 totaled 95 million pounds, clean content. (See table 7.)

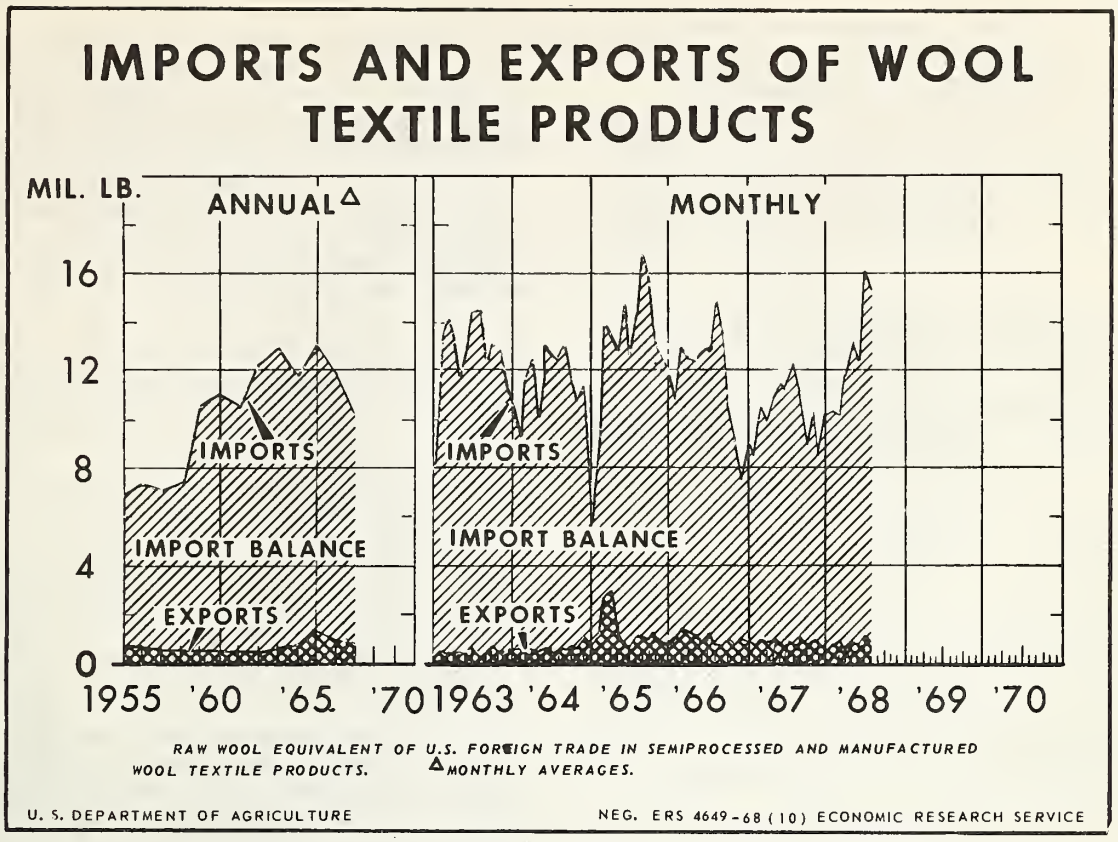

Figure 3

Table 7.--Imports of dutiable and duty-free wool for consumption into the United States, clean content, January-August 1959 to date

Year	Dutiable	Duty-free	Total
	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.	1,000 lb.
1959	72,443	138,221	210,664
1960	53,535	110,023	163,558
1961	60,973	108,497	164,470
1962	82,753	89,589	172,342
1963	81,922	121,254	203,175
1964	62,322	76,900	139,222
1965	107,440	72,311	179,751
1966	123,824	84,721	208,545
1967	73,424	46,354	119,778
1968 1/	95,331	81,302	176,633

1/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

In view of the further recovery expected in mill use of raw wool, imports of dutiable wool probably will continue large in coming months. Thus imports for 1968 may total around 140 million pounds, clean content, compared with 109 million pounds in 1967. These imports next year may increase further, if mill use increases as expected. U.S. raw wool production will decline further in 1969. (See cover chart.)

Little change in the grades of wool imported has occurred this year. Wool grading 56's and finer during January-August 1968 continued to account for about 68 percent of total dutiable wool imports, and percentages of the coarser grades were little changed. (See table 8.)

The 5 surplus-producing countries of the Southern Hemisphere continued to supply most of our imports of dutiable raw wool. Imports from each country except Argentina in January-August 1968 were larger than a year earlier. Accordingly, Argentine wools in this

Table 8.--Quality composition of dutiable and duty-free imports, clean content, United States, January-August 1965 to date

Grade	1965	1966	1967	1968 1/
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
		Dutiable		
Finer than 56's	72.3	72.3	68.2	68.5
46's to 56's	15.8	13.6	19.1	19.4
40's to 46's	3.4	6.1	3.8	3.4
Not finer than 40's	8.5	8.0	8.9	8.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
		Duty-free		
44's to 46's	12.2	11.9	11.1	13.3
40's to 44's	24.3	34.4	33.9	30.7
Not finer than 40's	44.1	35.6	40.7	44.4
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	19.4	18.1	14.3	11.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

1/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

period accounted for 7 percent of total U.S. imports, down from 9 percent a year earlier. Despite an increase in pounds, the share for Australian wools also declined in the first 8 months--42 percent compared with 48 percent in January-August 1967. These declines were offset by relatively larger imports from Uruguay, that increased from 4 percent of total imports in January-August 1967 to a more normal 12 percent in the same period of 1968. New Zealand and South African shares were stable at about 19 percent and 14 percent, respectively.

CARPET WOOL USE INCREASING

Mill consumption of raw carpet wool in the United States began increasing in late 1967 and by April-August of this year reached an annual rate of 96 million pounds, scoured basis. (See fig. 1, and table 19.) Consumption in January-August 1968 (35 weeks) was 62 million pounds--18 percent more than a year earlier (34 weeks). (See table 3.) The weekly average increase in January-August 1968, however, was 15 percent over a year earlier.

Prices of carpet wool have continued relatively low, after having dropped sharply in 1967, and this likely is a major factor in the recovery in use. Increasing production of all carpets and rugs further improved the demand for wool, despite further inroads of man-made fibers in the carpet market. In woolen system spinning of carpet and rug yarns during January-August 1968, man-made fiber's share of total fiber use was 63 percent, compared with 58 percent a year earlier. (See table 4.)

On the basis of relatively low wool prices and strong demand for carpeting materials, wool use is expected to continue upward. Large imports of duty-free raw wool also indicate increased consumption in coming months. For the year 1968, mill consumption of raw carpet wool is expected to amount to about 100 million pounds, scoured basis. This is 19 percent over a year earlier. Consumption in 1969 likely will show another substantial increase.

DUTY-FREE RAW WOOL IMPORTS UP SHARPLY

U.S. imports of duty-free raw wool during January-August 1968 totaled 81 million pounds, clean content. (See table 7.) This was 75 percent more than the relatively small imports of a year earlier. Increased imports have reflected increasing mill use of carpet wool. However, imports thus far in 1968 appear to be running larger than consumption, and therefore may slow in coming months. Imports of duty-free raw wool for the year are now expected to total around 110 million pounds, clean content, compared with 78 million pounds in 1967.

In 1969, some further but possibly more moderate increase in imports is expected, as consumption continues to increase.

The quality of duty-free raw wool imports in the first 8 months of 1968 shifted moderately compared with a year earlier. Wool grading not finer than 40's increased from about 41 percent of total imports in the 1967 period to over 44 percent this year. Wool grading 44's to 46's also increased. Imports of those grading 40's to 44's and imports of the ungraded wools declined. (See table 8.)

Most U.S. imports of duty-free raw wool continue to originate in New Zealand and Argentina. In the first 8 months of 1968, about 47 percent came from New Zealand. This was up rather sharply from 41 percent a year earlier. On the other hand Argentina's share dropped to 30 percent from 33 percent.

THE MOHAIR SITUATION

A sharp increase in disappearance of U.S. mohair (domestic use plus exports) has occurred thus far in 1968. This reflects low mohair prices in relation to other fibers and a strong advance in consumer demand. U.S. production of mohair tops during January-August rose 24 percent above a year earlier, and mill consumption of mohair and other specialty hair fibers on the woolen system increased 11 percent. Exports of mohair from the United States during January-August 1968 amounted to about 6.7 million pounds, clean content--up 12 percent from a year earlier.

Production of mohair in the United States, Turkey, and South Africa including Lesotho during 1968 is expected to total slightly less than the 58.5 million pounds, grease basis, produced in 1967. Goat numbers in the United States and Turkey are down. However, South Africa's summer and winter clips in 1968 reportedly are running slightly larger than in 1967. The 3-country production reached a record 66.3 million pounds in 1965. Mohair prices were relatively favorable to expanding production prior to 1965, but sharply reduced prices in the last 4 years likely have been a major factor in the 1966-68 decline in production. Prices thus far in 1968 have shown little tendency to strengthen, and a further decline in production next year is indicated.

Demand prospects appear relatively strong for U.S. mohair in coming months. Total fiber use in wool mills of the United States and other Free World countries is expected to increase, mohair prices are relatively low, and stocks of mohair in other countries are relatively small.

Commercial stocks of mohair in the United States began increasing in 1964, and on January 1, 1968, totaled 15 million pounds, scoured basis. The 1968 stocks were about the same as a year earlier, but totaled substantially above the 2 to 7 million pound stock level during 1960-64. With smaller U.S. production and increased disappearance, U.S. mohair stocks on January 1, 1969, may be moderately less than the 15 million pounds at the beginning of 1968.

Prices received by Texas producers for mohair in the first half of 1968 averaged slightly less than in the first half of 1967, but prices in the last half of 1968 may average near or slightly above prices received in the last half of 1967. For all of 1968, prices likely will average slightly above the 40.9 cents a pound, grease basis, received in 1967. U.S. mohair prices may firm slightly next year if domestic and foreign demand continues strong. However, price levels probably will continue relatively low until stocks are worked down.

THE WORLD WOOL SITUATION

WORLD WOOL PRICES RELATIVELY STABLE IN 1968

Prices of British Dominion combing wools were relatively stable from February to June of this year. Some decline occurred in July and August as the lower quality end-of-season wools were sold. But in September, when the quality of offerings improved, prices fully recovered to higher levels. Prices in September averaged about 2 percent above those in February. However, prices of 58's to 70's wool weakened slightly; prices of coarser grades of wool strengthened. (See fig. 4 and table 27.)

Data on production, stocks, and consumption of wool indicate that world supplies were relatively large last year and continue large this year. This was confirmed in 1967 as prices drifted lower throughout the year. And prices in September 1968 averaged only 7 percent above the November 1967 low.

The relative stability in prices for most of this year is associated with increased consumption, and with the replenishment of raw wool stocks during 1968 to more normal levels in major consuming countries. In conjunction with these factors, raw wool exports during the last 12 months from the 5 major surplus-producing countries of the Southern Hemisphere totaled about 7 percent more than a year earlier. Total stocks of wool in these 5 countries are now 16 percent less than a year ago. But these stocks continue relatively large, due entirely to the big volume of medium and coarse crossbred wools held by the New Zealand Wool Commission. Other stocks in these 5 countries are small. Despite the changes in world consumption and location of stocks during the last year, total wool supplies continue relatively

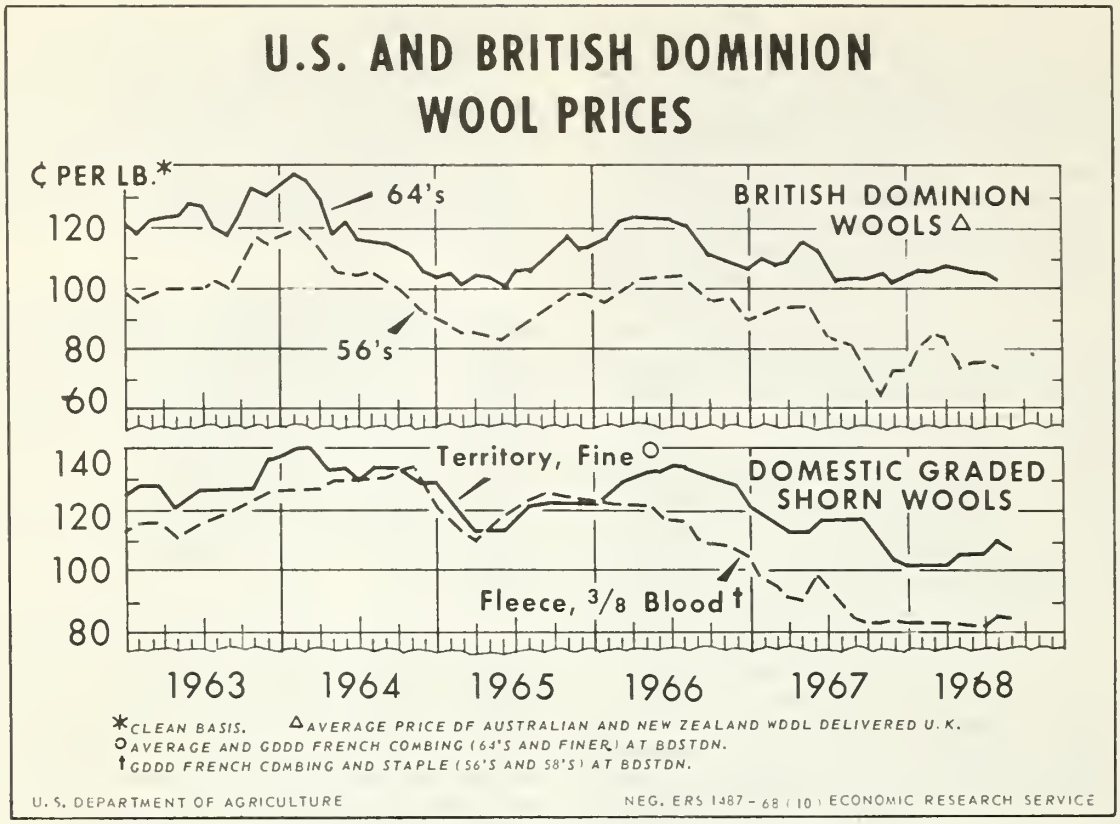

Figure 4

large. Production was larger than consumption, both last year and this year.

However, some further recovery in world mill use of raw wool is now expected to occur in the last half of 1968 and well into 1969. But only little strengthening in world wool prices is anticipated during the next several months. The impact of increasing consumption is expected to be mostly offset by record world production. Also, replenishment of working stocks in major consuming countries has largely been accomplished, and sales of some of the New Zealand Wool Commission stocks are expected.

WORLD PRODUCTION OF RAW WOOL

During the season begun in 1968, world production of raw wool is expected to total a little above the 3,423 million pounds, clean basis, in 1967. (See table 9.) This exceeds last year's record by less than 1 percent, but totals some 4 percent more than the 1964-66 average. The increase comes from a small expansion in production of apparel types; carpet wool production will decline about 2 percent from last year. But carpet wool production will

Table 9.--Estimated world consumption and production of raw wool, clean content, annual 1959 to date

Year	Consumption 1/	Production 2/
	Million pounds	
1959	3,172	3,220
1960	3,310	3,225
1961	3,332	3,270
1962	3,318	3,257
1963	3,324	3,320
1964	3,202	3,265
1965	3,278	3,289
1966	3,394	3,383
1967	3,226	3,423
1968	3/ 3,360	3,447

1/ Calendar year. 2/ Marketing year. 3/ Estimated. Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Secretariat, Commodities Division.

still be some 2 percent above the 1964-66 average. Production of crossbred apparel wool (46's to 58's), increasing less than 1 percent this year, will total 5 percent above the 1964-66 average. Merino wool production (60's and finer) is up nearly 2 percent, and is 4 percent above the 1964-66 average. (See table 28.)

Australia in 1968/69 will produce nearly 4 percent more wool than last year, and account for about 31 percent of the total. Wool production will increase some 1 to 2 percent in New Zealand as well as in the communist countries. Little change is expected in South Africa, but decreases of 5 to 8 percent are expected in Argentina, Uruguay, and the United States. (See table 28.)

WORLD WOOL USE INCREASING IN 1968

World mill use of raw wool in 1967 declined 5 percent from the record 1966 consumption, because of a 10 percent decrease in the 10 major manufacturing countries of the Free World. The reduction in these countries reflected relatively large beginning wool textile inventories, reduced international trade, and increased use of man-made fibers. Wool use in other countries was about 3 percent above a year earlier, and a further increase may be occurring this year. Mill consumption of raw wool in the 10 major manufacturing countries began increasing in the fourth quarter of 1967, and this trend continued into 1968.

Wool use in these 10 countries by January-June 1968 was 3 percent above a year earlier. Consumption in these countries probably is gaining further in the last half of 1968. Accordingly, total world wool use for all of 1968 is expected to increase some 4 percent over last year. (See table 29.)

Prospects for increased wool consumption in the 10 major manufacturing countries during 1969 appear relatively favorable, at least in the first half. Demand for wool textiles, as reflected in increased production and trade, is strengthening, and raw wool prices are relatively low. But wool use during late 1967 through mid-1968 was on the recovery side of the consumption cycle and recovery normally extends over a period of 5 to 7 quarters. So, about 3 or 4 have already gone by. But the recovery thus far has been rather moderate, and only small further increases in wool use in the United States and some other countries are indicated for the last half of 1968. If the recovery continues at moderate rates as seems indicated, the peak of the cycle probably would not be reached until sometime around the middle of next year.

WORLD WOOL TEXTILE PRODUCTION UP SLIGHTLY

Production of wool textiles during 1967 in major manufacturing countries declined drastically. However, some recovery occurred in the first half of 1968. Production of wool tops in January-June 1968 was about the same as a year earlier. But output of worsted yarn rose nearly 4 percent, and production of woolen yarn increased about 1 percent. Woven wool fabric production was up about 2 percent. (See table 30.)

Country data show the United Kingdom in the first half of this year marking gains in output in all types of wool textile production. West Germany this year is making a strong recovery in all areas from last year's unusually low level. Japan in the first 6 months of 1968 produced more fabric but less tops and yarns. U.S. increases have occurred in the worsted sector. Production of wool textiles generally declined in France, but selected increases developed in Italy and Belgium. (See table 30.)

SHARP RISE IN WORLD WOOL TEXTILE TRADE

Foreign trade in wool textiles by major manufacturing countries also was sharply curtailed in 1967. But imports and exports of wool tops and wool fabrics in the first quarter of 1968 rose about 18 percent above a year earlier. Trade in wool yarns increased about 10 percent. (See table 31.)

Exports of wool tops, yarn, and fabric from the United Kingdom in January-March ran counter to the world trend, declining 2 to 6 percent below a year earlier. French exports of tops and yarn rose 49 percent and 3 percent, respectively, but exports of fabric fell 9 percent. Uruguay shipped 25 percent more wool top. Belgium's trade in wool tops increased rather sharply. Both Japan and Italy increased their exports of yarn and fabric. Other nations in January-March generally contributed to the recovery in world trade. (See table 31.)

RAW WOOL EXPORTS INCREASE 7 PERCENT

Exports of raw wool from the 5 major surplus-producing countries of the Southern Hemisphere in 1967-68 rose 7 percent above a year earlier. Australia in July 1967-June 1968 exported about 3 percent more wool than a year earlier. New Zealand's exports rose 16 percent, and those from Argentina (October 1967 to August 1968) increased 14 percent. South Africa in July 1967-June 1968 exported slightly less wool. Uruguay during October 1967-May 1968 increased its exports 61 percent from the low year-earlier level. (See table 10.)

WORLD OUTPUT OF MAN-MADE FIBER RECORD LARGE LAST YEAR

World production of man-made fiber in 1967 totaled a record 14.1 billion pounds, nearly 6 percent more than in 1966. Production of non-cellulosic fibers rose 15 percent to a record 6.3 billion pounds. But output of rayon and acetate and textile glass fiber in 1967 was slightly below a year earlier. (See table 32.)

U.S. man-made fiber production in 1967 increased 3 percent over 1966 to 4 billion pounds. Output in foreign Free-World countries increased 7 percent and in communist countries, 8 percent. Production of non-cellulosic fibers increased in all areas. Rayon and acetate production also increased in communist countries, but declined in the United States and foreign Free-World countries.

Table 10.--Exports of wool, actual weight, from Southern Hemisphere surplus-producing countries, 1965/66, 1966/67, and 1967/68 seasons through June 1/

Exporting countries	1965/66	1966/67	1967/68
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.
Australia	1,413	1,448	1,487
New Zealand	611	500	580
Republic of South Africa	282	242	240
Argentina 2/	311	235	267
Uruguay 3/	98	56	90

1/ Season beginning July 1 in Australia, New Zealand, and Republic of South Africa, and beginning October 1, in Argentina and Uruguay.
2/ Through August.
3/ Through May.
Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Secretariat, Commodities Division.

Mill Consumption of Raw Wool In 10 Major Manufacturing Countries

By
Larry Clayton

This article examines mill consumption of raw wool in 10 major manufacturing countries of the Free World, with the objective of developing a data series on cyclical movements in the quarterly use of wool. Such data should aid short-run economic analysis, making readily apparent any changes in the rate of consumption.

The first step in deriving these data, however, was developing seasonal adjustment factors for quarterly wool consumption using a Census Bureau program. These factors were then used to adjust the original data. Availability of data limited this analysis to the 1951-67 period and to wool consumed in the following countries: The United States, the United Kingdom, the European Economic Community (EEC), Japan, and Australia. Mill consumption in these countries annually up to 1960 accounted for about 59 to 65 percent of world wool consumption, and thereafter from 54 to 59 percent.

SEASONALITY AND WOOL CONSUMPTION

Seasonality, or seasonal variation, is a periodic fluctuation that recurs each year and in about the same way year after year. Such fluctuations in mill consumption of wool occur from one quarter to the next and tend to obscure cyclical movements in consumption. This seasonality primarily results from holidays, the seasonal pattern of consumer demand for wool textiles, vacations in the textile manufacturing industries, and other trade practices. To isolate the cyclical movements, the time series data on actual consumption are "adjusted" for seasonality. This is accomplished by dividing the original data by index numbers that represent "normal" seasonal adjustment factors.

In determining the time period for which seasonal factors were to be determined, consideration was given first to the scope of interest in the industry and then to achieving the most representative seasonal factors. Interest is primarily in total wool consumption in the 10 countries and secondarily in consumption in the individual countries. Accordingly, seasonality in total wool use in the 10 countries was determined by using guidelines given in Foote and Fox. 1/ Results of these determinations showed that significant seasonality has existed since 1951. But data for 1951 and 1952 were not used in the final analysis because of postwar and "Korean" effects on wool consumption.

Ratios of actual quarterly wool use to centered 4-quarter moving averages were calculated. These, as shown in table 11, give an indication of the general nature of the seasonal pattern of total wool consumption in the 10 major manufacturing countries. According to these ratios, actual wool use in 1953-67 was always clearly lowest in the third quarter, and generally largest in the first and second quarters.

The moving seasonal factors--1953-67 and 1968 estimates--determined from the Census program for total wool consumption in the 10 countries are shown in table 12. The largest factor in 1968 (103.8) is for the second quarter, and the smallest factor (93.6) is for third quarter wool use. Seasonal adjustment factors for the first and fourth quarters are 101.4 and 101.3, respectively. If "no change" in the rate of consumption activity during 1968 is assumed, these factors show that actual wool use in 1968 is above average and largest in the second quarter, below average and smallest in the third quarter, and slightly above average in the first and fourth quarters.

Seasonality also was tested for the United States, the United Kingdom, Japan, Australia, and for the EEC total, using the Foote and Fox quidelines. Individual EEC countries were studied, but because each represents a rela-

1/ Illustration of this statistical methodology appears in Seasonal Variation: Methods of Measurement and Tests of Significance, R.J. Foote and Karl A. Fox, Agriculture Handbook 48, U.S. Dept. Agr., September 1952.

Table 11.--10-country mill consumption of raw wool: Ratio of quarterly consumption to 4-quarter moving average consumption, centered, 1953-67

Year	Quarter			
	1st.	2nd	3rd	4th
	Percent			
1953	102	104	98	101
1954	98	101	96	99
1955	102	102	94	101
1956	104	102	93	102
1957	105	104	96	100
1958	101	97	93	103
1959	98	106	96	101
1960	105	102	93	99
1961	102	102	95	103
1962	103	102	91	103
1963	103	103	94	101
1964	105	102	93	99
1965	100	103	94	102
1966	103	105	95	101
1967	100	103	92	100

tively small share of the 10-country total, they were combined into a total series for EEC wool use.

The indexes of seasonal variation determined for the United States, the United Kingdom, Japan, Australia and the EEC are given in table 12 to 14. These indexes show that mill use of wool in the United States is above average in the first and second quarters and below average in the third and fourth quarters. In the United Kindgom and EEC countries, consumption is below average in the third quarter only. However, the seasonal pattern of wool consumption in Japan and Australia differs markedly from other countries. In these countries low consumption in the first quarter is offset by average and above average consumption in the second, third, and fourth quarters.

Differences in vacation schedules and holidays probably explain most of the variation in seasonality among countries, particularly the United States, the United Kingdom, and the EEC. Climatic conditions as reflected in consumer demand for wool textiles may explain why Australia's pattern of mill consumption is not the same as in most Northern Hemisphere countries. For Japan, the seasonality may be different than in other Northern Hemisphere countries partly because a relatively large amount of wool is consumed by mills for the manufacture of textiles for distant export markets.

CYCLICAL MOVEMENTS

The original data on mill use of raw wool for the 10-country total, the EEC, the United States, Japan, the United Kingdom, and Australia--when adjusted for seasonality revealed the cycles that exist in mill use. (See fig. 5 and tables 15 to 17.) In the 10-country total the cycles occurred about 6 times during 1953-67. The average cycle length was a little over 2-1/2 years. The cycles, although relatively apparent, show some usual cyclical irregularity. Particularly for mid-1962, it is not clear if one cycle ended and another began or if the recorded decline was some noncyclical adjustment. The consumption cycles in individual countries are at times somewhat less discernable. However, consumption generally increased or decreased at about the same time in most countries.

A number of factors contributed to the up and down movements in the rate of mill use of raw wool. Inventories of wool textiles are strongly associated with mill use of wool. For example, a recent study on factors affecting U.S. per capita domestic use of apparel wool concluded that a 10 percent increase from normal in the ratio of inventories of wool apparel fabric to unfilled orders for fabric was associated with a 3 percent decline in use. 2/ Changes in consumer income, raw wool prices, and use of man-made fibers also have significant impact on mill use of raw wool. Different high or low points in wool use may occur depending on the price and the supply and demand for both raw wool and wool products.

2/ Donald, J.R., F Lowenstein, and M. Simon; The Demand For Textile Fibers In the United States; Technical Bulletin 1301; U.S. Dept. Agr., November 1963.

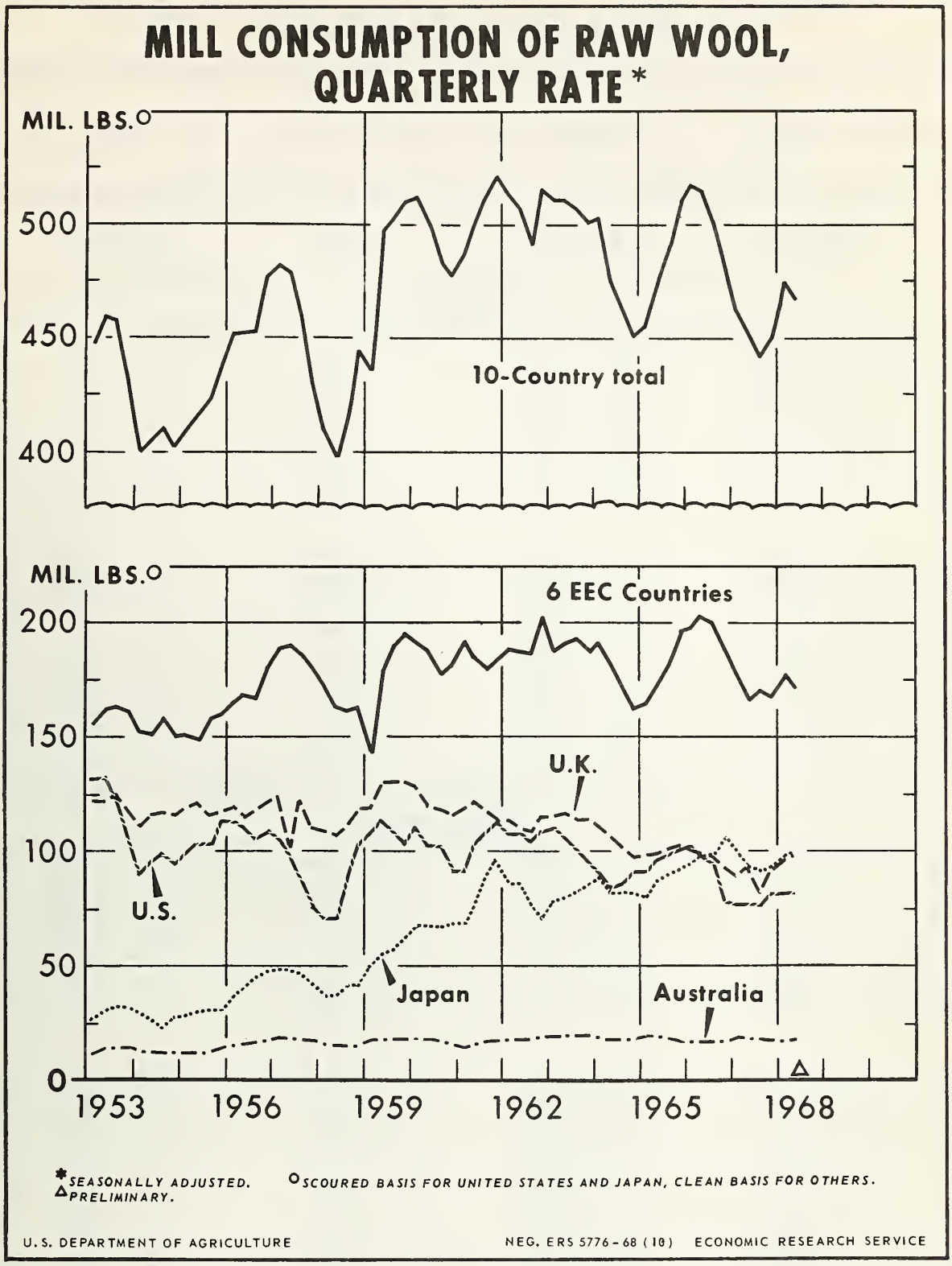
MILL CONSUMPTION OF RAW WOOL, QUARTERLY RATE*
MIL. LBS.○
500
450
400
10-Country total
MIL. LBS.○
200
150
100
50
0
6 EEC Countries
U.K.
U.S.
Japan
Australia
1953
1956
1959
1962
1965
1968
*SEASONALLY ADJUSTED.
△PRELIMINARY.
○SCOURED BASIS FOR UNITED STATES AND JAPAN, CLEAN BASIS FOR OTHERS.
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
NEG. ERS 5776-68 (10) ECONOMIC RESEARCH SERVICE

Figure 5

Table 12.--Raw wool: Mill consumption, seasonal adjustment factors, quarterly, 1953 to date

Year	1st qtr.	2nd qtr.	3rd qtr.	4th qtr.
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
		10-country		
1953	102.2	101.9	95.4	100.4
1954	102.4	101.9	95.2	100.4
1955	102.7	101.8	95.0	100.4
1956	103.0	101.7	94.8	100.5
1957	103.2	101.6	94.6	100.5
1958	103.3	101.7	94.5	100.6
1959	103.2	101.7	94.4	100.7
1960	103.1	101.9	94.3	100.7
1961	102.9	102.2	94.1	100.8
1962	102.7	102.5	94.0	100.9
1963	102.4	102.8	94.0	100.9
1964	102.1	103.1	93.9	101.0
1965	101.8	103.4	93.8	101.1
1966	101.6	103.6	93.7	101.2
1967	101.5	103.7	93.6	101.2
1968	101.4	103.8	93.6	101.3
		United States		
1953	103.7	103.5	97.4	95.3
1954	104.0	103.3	97.3	95.3
1955	104.6	102.7	97.2	95.5
1956	105.0	102.1	97.2	95.7
1957	105.3	101.4	97.6	95.9
1958	104.9	101.3	98.1	95.9
1959	104.2	101.4	98.6	96.2
1960	103.2	102.0	98.6	96.5
1961	102.6	102.3	98.3	97.1
1962	102.0	102.8	97.9	97.3
1963	102.0	102.9	97.6	97.4
1964	102.0	103.3	97.2	97.1
1965	102.4	103.5	97.1	96.8
1966	102.4	104.0	96.9	96.6
1967	102.3	104.3	96.8	96.4
1968	102.3	104.5	96.8	96.4

Table 13.--Raw wool: Mill consumption, seasonal adjustment factors, quarterly, 1953 to date

Year	1st qtr.	2nd qtr.	3rd qtr.	4th qtr.
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
		United Kingdom		
1953	105.1	101.9	91.2	101.7
1954	105.4	101.7	91.0	101.8
1955	105.8	101.5	90.6	102.1
1956	106.1	101.4	90.0	102.4
1957	106.3	101.4	89.6	102.7
1958	106.3	101.5	89.5	102.5
1959	106.3	101.8	89.5	102.3
1960	106.1	102.3	89.5	101.9
1961	106.2	102.5	89.6	101.5
1962	106.2	102.8	89.7	101.3
1963	106.1	102.8	90.0	101.2
1964	105.7	103.0	90.3	101.2
1965	105.3	103.0	90.6	101.1
1966	105.0	103.1	90.8	101.1
1967	104.9	103.1	90.9	101.1
1968	104.9	103.1	91.0	101.1
		Japan		
1953	93.7	105.9	101.2	99.1
1954	93.8	105.8	101.3	99.1
1955	94.0	105.6	101.4	98.9
1956	94.1	105.7	101.3	98.8
1957	94.3	105.6	101.1	98.9
1958	94.6	105.4	100.8	99.4
1959	94.9	104.9	100.4	99.8
1960	95.3	104.3	100.1	100.1
1961	96.0	103.6	100.1	100.3
1962	96.5	102.8	100.4	100.3
1963	96.8	102.2	100.7	100.3
1964	97.0	101.9	100.8	100.4
1965	97.1	101.6	100.8	100.7
1966	97.1	101.2	100.9	101.0
1967	96.9	101.2	100.8	101.1
1968	96.8	101.2	100.8	101.2

Table 14.--Raw wool: Mill consumption, seasonal adjustment factors, quarterly, 1953 to date

Year	1st qtr.	2nd qtr.	3rd qtr.	4th qtr.
	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.	Pct.
		Australia		
1953	90.7	103.5	107.9	97.7
1954	90.9	103.5	107.8	97.4
1955	91.5	103.4	107.7	97.0
1956	92.2	103.4	107.4	96.8
1957	92.7	103.4	106.8	96.9
1958	93.2	103.3	106.0	97.6
1959	93.6	103.1	105.0	98.4
1960	94.1	102.7	103.9	99.4
1961	94.4	102.4	103.1	100.2
1962	94.6	102.0	103.0	100.6
1963	94.5	101.7	103.3	100.6
1964	94.0	101.7	104.1	100.5
1965	93.3	102.0	104.7	100.2
1966	92.7	102.2	105.3	100.0
1967	92.3	102.4	105.5	99.8
1968	92.2	102.5	105.6	99.7
		E. E. C.		
1953	100.7	100.2	94.9	104.0
1954	100.9	100.3	94.5	104.0
1955	101.4	100.4	94.1	103.8
1956	101.9	100.5	93.7	103.7
1957	102.3	100.7	93.1	103.4
1958	102.9	101.0	92.4	103.2
1959	103.5	101.3	91.8	102.9
1960	104.1	101.6	91.2	102.5
1961	104.8	102.0	90.6	102.2
1962	105.2	102.5	90.0	102.1
1963	105.2	103.0	89.6	102.2
1964	104.9	103.5	89.4	102.5
1965	104.3	103.9	89.2	102.8
1966	103.9	104.2	89.0	103.1
1967	103.7	104.3	88.8	103.3
1968	103.6	104.3	88.8	103.5

Table 15.--Raw wool: Mill consumption, unadjusted and seasonally adjusted, quarterly, 1953 to date

Year	1st qtr.		2nd qtr.		3rd qtr.		4th qtr.	
	Unad.	Adj.	Unad.	Adj.	Unad.	Adj.	Unad.	Adj.
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.
	10-country							
1953	456.4	446.5	468.7	459.9	437.1	458.2	437.0	435.4
1954	409.5	400.0	414.1	406.3	391.2	410.8	404.1	402.6
1955	421.2	410.3	423.4	415.9	401.5	422.6	440.5	438.7
1956	465.2	451.8	460.7	453.0	430.1	453.8	477.7	475.5
1957	499.0	483.4	487.7	479.9	434.9	459.8	433.5	431.2
1958	423.0	409.5	405.0	398.4	392.9	415.9	448.0	445.3
1959	450.1	436.0	506.6	498.0	476.3	504.5	514.3	510.8
1960	528.6	512.9	509.5	499.9	455.7	483.2	482.4	478.8
1961	500.8	486.6	510.7	499.9	482.1	512.1	526.4	522.1
1962	529.0	515.2	521.5	508.9	462.6	492.1	521.6	517.0
1963	523.6	511.2	525.8	511.6	478.6	509.4	506.2	501.5
1964	514.7	504.1	490.0	475.2	434.2	462.6	456.0	451.5
1965	463.9	455.5	491.8	475.7	461.8	492.4	516.8	511.4
1966	526.0	517.6	533.6	514.9	471.1	503.0	485.6	480.0
1967	469.6	462.8	470.1	453.3	416.4	444.9	455.6	450.1
1968	481.3	474.7	485.2	467.4				
	United States							
1953	136.9	132.0	136.7	132.1	119.6	122.8	100.9	105.9
1954	94.8	91.2	100.0	96.8	95.4	98.0	90.8	95.3
1955	104.0	99.5	105.1	102.4	100.1	103.0	108.9	114.0
1956	119.9	114.2	112.8	110.5	103.5	106.4	104.4	109.1
1957	111.4	105.8	100.0	98.6	86.2	88.3	72.1	75.2
1958	76.8	73.2	74.1	73.1	86.0	87.6	99.7	103.9
1959	112.9	108.3	115.2	113.6	107.4	109.0	99.9	103.8
1960	113.6	110.1	106.1	104.0	101.5	103.0	89.9	93.1
1961	93.5	91.1	104.4	102.0	105.1	106.9	109.2	112.5
1962	108.9	106.7	109.9	106.9	103.1	105.3	106.4	109.3
1963	112.3	110.1	108.8	105.7	98.4	100.9	92.1	94.5
1964	93.4	91.6	87.9	85.1	84.8	87.2	90.5	93.2
1965	92.8	90.7	100.1	96.7	96.0	98.9	98.1	101.4
1966	105.4	102.9	100.9	97.0	87.2	90.0	76.7	79.4
1967	79.0	77.2	81.5	78.1	74.3	76.8	77.7	80.6
1968	85.5	83.6	87.2	83.4				

Table 16.--Raw wool: Mill consumption, unadjusted and seasonally adjusted, quarterly, 1953 to date

Year	1st qtr.		2nd qtr.		3rd qtr.		4th qtr.	
	Unad.	Adj.	Unad.	Adj.	Unad.	Adj.	Unad.	Adj.
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.
				United Kingdom				
1953	128.3	122.1	124.4	122.1	114.0	125.0	121.3	119.2
1954	119.0	112.9	118.1	116.1	106.9	117.5	117.6	115.5
1955	126.1	119.2	122.3	120.5	106.2	117.3	120.7	118.2
1956	126.3	119.1	118.1	116.4	106.4	118.2	124.3	121.3
1957	132.3	124.4	102.0	100.6	109.5	122.2	112.5	109.6
1958	116.3	109.4	108.6	107.0	98.6	110.2	120.9	117.9
1959	126.7	119.2	132.6	130.3	117.4	131.2	132.6	129.6
1960	135.0	127.2	122.6	119.8	105.4	117.8	118.2	116.0
1961	125.5	118.2	124.5	121.4	106.0	118.3	115.9	114.2
1962	121.5	114.4	113.2	110.2	97.4	108.5	116.3	114.8
1963	121.6	114.6	118.7	115.5	102.8	114.2	114.9	113.5
1964	117.9	111.5	110.2	107.0	92.1	102.0	98.2	97.0
1965	103.3	98.1	102.4	99.4	92.2	101.7	104.6	103.4
1966	104.9	99.9	102.1	99.0	87.9	96.8	93.3	92.3
1967	94.5	90.1	96.7	93.8	76.5	84.1	92.2	91.2
1968	102.9	98.1	100.4	97.4				
				Japan				
1953	26.7	28.5	33.3	31.4	33.3	32.9	31.9	32.2
1954	28.3	30.2	28.3	26.7	25.1	24.8	27.0	27.3
1955	26.3	28.0	32.3	30.6	32.5	32.1	30.3	30.6
1956	35.0	37.2	42.9	40.6	45.7	45.1	46.9	47.5
1957	46.5	49.3	51.4	48.7	47.3	46.8	43.2	43.7
1958	36.4	38.5	40.6	38.5	41.4	41.1	43.0	43.3
1959	47.2	49.7	58.8	56.1	57.5	57.3	62.7	62.8
1960	63.9	67.0	70.1	67.2	66.4	66.3	68.7	68.6
1961	66.5	69.3	77.6	74.9	89.4	89.3	96.3	96.1
1962	83.0	86.0	88.0	85.6	76.0	75.7	72.8	72.6
1963	74.4	76.9	81.6	79.8	83.8	83.3	84.8	84.5
1964	84.3	86.9	84.1	82.6	83.7	83.0	81.6	81.3
1965	77.6	79.9	87.8	86.5	91.1	90.4	93.8	93.2
1966	92.5	95.3	100.5	99.3	99.9	99.0	102.2	101.2
1967	96.8	99.9	95.0	93.9	94.1	93.3	94.7	93.6
1968	94.4	97.5	100.6	99.4				

Table 17.--Raw wool: Mill consumption, unadjusted and seasonally adjusted, quarterly, 1953 to date

Year	1st qtr.		2nd qtr.		3rd qtr.		4th qtr.	
	Unad.	Adj.	Unad.	Adj.	Unad.	Adj.	Unad.	Adj.
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.
				Australia				
1953	11.3	12.5	15.3	14.8	15.8	14.6	14.8	15.1
1954	12.6	13.9	14.1	13.6	15.0	13.9	13.3	13.7
1955	12.6	13.8	14.2	13.7	14.9	13.8	14.2	14.6
1956	14.3	15.5	17.0	16.4	17.8	16.6	16.1	16.6
1957	16.5	17.8	17.8	17.2	18.5	17.3	16.0	16.5
1958	15.1	16.2	16.0	15.5	16.6	15.7	15.5	15.9
1959	14.8	15.8	18.8	18.2	19.9	19.0	18.6	18.9
1960	17.5	18.6	19.6	19.1	19.1	18.4	17.6	17.7
1961	15.4	16.3	15.7	15.3	16.2	15.7	17.3	17.3
1962	17.4	18.4	18.6	18.2	18.3	17.8	18.4	18.3
1963	18.5	19.6	20.3	20.0	20.5	19.8	21.4	21.3
1964	19.0	20.2	19.6	19.3	19.6	18.8	18.9	18.8
1965	17.9	19.2	20.4	20.0	21.2	20.2	18.8	18.8
1966	16.5	17.8	17.9	17.5	18.6	17.7	18.5	18.5
1967	16.3	17.7	20.2	19.7	20.3	19.2	18.9	18.9
1968	16.2	17.6	18.6	18.1				
				E. E. C.				
1953	157.1	156.0	162.2	161.9	155.9	164.3	168.1	161.6
1954	154.9	153.4	153.7	153.2	148.8	157.4	155.4	149.5
1955	152.1	150.1	149.5	148.9	147.8	157.1	166.4	160.3
1956	169.7	166.6	169.9	169.1	156.7	167.3	186.0	179.4
1957	192.4	188.0	191.5	190.1	173.4	186.3	189.7	183.4
1958	178.4	173.4	165.7	164.0	150.3	162.6	168.9	163.6
1959	148.5	143.5	181.2	178.8	174.1	189.7	200.5	194.8
1960	198.6	190.7	191.1	188.1	163.3	179.0	188.0	183.3
1961	199.9	190.8	188.5	184.8	165.4	182.6	187.7	183.6
1962	198.2	188.4	191.8	187.2	167.8	186.4	207.7	203.4
1963	196.8	187.0	196.4	190.7	173.1	193.2	193.0	188.8
1964	200.1	190.8	188.2	181.9	154.0	172.3	166.8	162.7
1965	172.3	165.1	181.1	174.3	161.3	180.9	201.5	196.0
1966	206.7	198.9	212.2	203.7	177.5	199.5	194.9	189.1
1967	183.0	176.5	176.7	169.4	151.2	170.3	172.1	166.5
1968	182.3	176.0	178.4	171.0				

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

Part I - Domestic wool prices, Boston, clean basis

Item	1967 June	1967 July	1967 Aug.	1967 Sept.	1968 June	1968 July	1968 Aug.	1968 Sept.	Latest data available as percent of a year earlier
	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Cents per pound	Percent
Graded territory shorn wool									
Fine good French combing and staple	123.5	124.5	123.7	122.5	122.0	122.0	122.0	121.0	99
1/2 blood good French combing and staple	116.2	113.8	111.9	109.5	110.0	110.0	110.9	108.0	99
3/8 blood good French combing and staple	102.5	101.0	98.3	95.5	95.0	95.0	98.5	96.0	101
1/4 blood good French combing and staple	99.0	95.8	92.9	90.5	92.0	92.0	92.0	91.0	101
Low 1/4 blood	87.5	87.5	86.9	84.5	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0	95
Common and braid	87.5	87.5	86.5	82.5	72.0	72.0	72.0	72.0	87
Graded fleece shorn wool									
Delaine	126.2	127.5	125.5	122.5	120.0	120.0	120.0	120.0	98
1/2 blood good French combing and staple	111.2	112.5	111.5	107.5	102.0	102.0	104.0	103.5	96
3/8 blood good French combing and staple	97.5	93.8	89.5	83.8	82.0	82.0	85.0	84.0	100
1/4 blood good French combing and staple	92.5	90.2	87.1	81.8	80.0	80.0	82.4	82.0	100
Low 1/4 blood	87.5	87.5	85.1	79.0	76.0	76.0	76.0	76.0	96
Common and braid	82.5	82.5	81.5	77.5	68.0	68.0	68.0	68.0	88
Original bag Texas shorn wool									
Fine 12 months good French combing and staple	125.0	127.5	127.5	127.5	125.0	125.8	126.0	126.0	99
Fine 8 months (1 in. and over)	102.5	102.5	102.5	102.5	102.0	102.0	102.0	104.8	102
Fine fall (3/4 in. and over)	92.5	92.5	92.5	93.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	99.8	107
Scoured pulled wool									
70's, 2 in. and longer	122.5	122.5	122.5	122.5	117.5	117.5	117.5	117.5	96
64's, 70's, 1 1/2 in. and longer	117.5	117.5	117.5	117.5	112.5	112.5	112.5	112.5	96
60's, 64's, 1 1/2 in. and longer	107.5	107.5	107.5	107.5	102.5	102.5	102.5	102.5	95
60's, 1 1/2 in. and longer	104.5	104.5	104.5	104.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	96
58's, 60's, 2 in. and longer	102.4	102.5	102.5	102.5	97.0	97.0	97.0	97.0	95
56's, 58's, 2 in. and longer	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95
56's, 2 in. and longer	97.5	97.5	97.5	97.5	87.5	87.5	87.5	87.5	90
50's, 56's, 2 in. and longer	96.5	96.5	96.5	96.5	85.5	85.5	85.5	85.5	89
44's, 50's, 4 in. and longer	94.5	94.5	94.5	94.5	82.5	82.5	82.5	82.5	87
36's, 44's, 4 in. and longer	92.5	92.5	92.5	92.5	82.5	82.5	82.5	82.5	89

Compiled from Weekly Review of the Boston Wool Market.

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

Part II - U.S. Mill Consumption and Imports

Item	Unit	1967 May	1967 June	1967 July	1967 Aug.	1968 May	1968 June	1968 July	1968 Aug.	Latest data available as percent of a year earlier
Mill consumption, scoured basis 1/										
Average weekly rate during month 2/										
Apparel wool 3/	1,000 pounds									
60's and finer		2,347	2,285	1,964	2,252	2,415	2,379	2,027	2,221	99
50's up to 60's	do.	2,404	2,367	1,883	2,281	2,414	2,576	1,943	2,363	104
48's and coarser	do.									
Total apparel wool	do.	4,751	4,652	3,847	4,533	4,829	4,955	3,970	4,584	101
Carpet wool 4/	do.	1,779	1,381	1,144	1,740	1,798	1,800	1,482	1,813	104
Total apparel and carpet	do.	6,530	6,033	4,991	6,273	6,627	6,755	5,452	6,397	102
Monthly aggregates 2/										
Apparel wool 3/	Million pounds									
60's and finer		9.4	11.4	7.9	9.0	9.7	9.5	10.1	8.9	99
50's up to 60's	do.	9.6	11.8	7.5	9.1	9.6	10.3	9.7	9.5	104
48's and coarser	do.									
Total apparel wool	do.	19.0	23.3	15.4	18.1	19.3	19.8	19.9	18.3	101
Carpet wool 4/	do.	7.1	6.9	4.6	7.0	7.2	7.2	7.4	7.3	104
Total apparel and carpet	do.	26.1	30.2	20.0	25.1	26.5	27.0	27.4	25.6	102
Accumulated since January 1										
Apparel wool 3/										
By grade										
60's and finer	do.	46.5	57.9	65.8	74.8	53.7	63.3	73.4	82.3	110
50's up to 60's	do.	50.1	61.9	69.5	78.6	52.2	62.5	72.2	81.7	104
48's and coarser	do.									
By system										
Woolen	do.	40.9	49.4	55.2	61.8	37.9	44.8	52.1	58.4	94
Worsted	do.	55.7	70.5	80.1	91.6	68.1	80.9	93.6	105.5	115
Total apparel wool	do.	96.6	119.9	135.3	153.4	106.0	125.7	145.7	163.9	107
Carpet wool 4/	do.	33.7	40.6	45.2	52.1	39.8	47.0	54.4	61.7	118
Total apparel and carpet	do.	103.3	160.5	180.5	205.5	145.8	172.7	200.1	225.6	110
Imports for consumption										
clean content										
Monthly aggregates										
	1,000 pounds									
Dutiable wool										
Finer than 56's	do.	5,846	6,063	3,632	5,236	8,858	6,104	7,147	6,459	123
46's to 56's	do.	1,480	2,023	2,008	1,482	2,677	1,623	2,072	1,667	112
44's to 46's	do.	68	112	123	123	36	12	81	107	87
40's to 44's	do.	248	311	236	355	375	266	354	384	108
Not finer than 40's	do.	513	812	835	468	911	579	1,460	779	166
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	132	167	130	70	103	120	176	65	93
Total dutiable wool	do.	8,287	9,489	6,963	7,734	12,960	8,705	11,291	9,461	122
Duty-free wool										
44's-46's	do.	483	669	878	376	1,066	831	1,239	1,207	321
40's-44's	do.	2,102	2,689	2,074	2,832	2,222	3,292	4,359	2,787	98
Not finer than 40's	do.	1,977	2,294	3,164	3,180	3,754	5,054	7,111	3,947	124
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	1,004	696	790	929	1,182	1,110	1,295	1,760	189
Total duty-free	do.	5,566	6,347	6,907	7,316	8,225	10,287	14,004	9,701	133
Total free and dutiable	do.	13,853	15,836	13,870	15,050	21,185	18,992	25,295	19,161	127
Accumulated since January 1	Million pounds									
Dutiable wool										
Finer than 56's	do.	35.2	41.2	44.9	50.1	45.6	51.7	58.8	65.3	130
46's to 56's	do.	8.5	10.5	12.6	14.0	13.2	14.8	16.9	18.5	132
44's to 46's	do.	.5	.6	.8	.9	.6	.6	.7	.8	89
40's to 44's	do.	1.0	1.3	1.6	1.9	1.5	1.7	2.1	2.5	132
Not finer than 40's	do.	3.3	4.1	4.9	5.4	4.5	5.1	6.5	7.3	135
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	.7	.9	1.0	1.1	.6	.7	.9	.9	82
Total dutiable wool	do.	49.2	58.7	65.7	73.4	65.9	74.6	85.9	95.3	130
Duty-free wool										
44's-46's	do.	3.2	3.9	4.8	5.1	7.6	8.4	9.6	10.8	212
40's-44's	do.	8.1	10.8	12.9	15.7	14.6	17.8	22.2	25.0	159
Not finer than 40's	do.	10.2	12.5	15.7	18.9	20.0	25.0	32.1	36.1	191
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	do.	4.2	4.9	5.7	6.6	5.2	6.4	7.6	9.4	142
Total duty-free wool	do.	25.8	32.1	39.0	46.4	47.3	57.6	71.6	81.3	175
Total free and dutiable	do.	75.0	90.9	104.7	119.8	113.2	132.2	157.5	176.6	147

1/ On woolen and worsted systems; excludes wool consumed on the cotton and other spinning systems and in the manufacture of processed felt, hat bodies, and other miscellaneous products.
2/ Monthly periods are 4 or 5 calendar weeks generally totaling 13 weeks per quarter.
3/ Domestic and duty-paid foreign wool.
4/ Duty-free foreign wool.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 18.--Marketings covered by and payments under the National Wool Act of 1954

Marketing year 1/	Marketings covered by payments: Shorn wool 2/	Marketings covered by payments: Unshorn lambs 2/	Marketings covered by payments: Mohair	Incentive or support level: Shorn wool	Incentive or support level: Mohair	Average price received: Shorn wool 3/	Average price received: Mohair 4/
	Million pounds	Million pounds	Million pounds	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents
1955	260.2	981.8	---	62	70	42.8	82.2
1956	254.3	1,277.1	---	62	70	44.3	84.4
1957	156.1	1,194.2	---	62	70	53.7	83.7
1958	300.1	1,316.3	---	62	70	36.4	72.2
1959	256.3	1,366.9	---	62	70	43.3	96.5
1960	255.0	1,391.0	---	62	70	42.0	89.7
1961	259.7	1,438.2	---	62	73	42.9	85.6
1962	237.3	1,350.2	31.4	62	74	47.7	71.4
1963	169.6	1,033.5	---	62	76	48.5	88.1
1964	198.2	1,239.9	---	62	72	53.2	94.3
1965	195.0	1,206.6	29.7	62	72	47.1	65.5
1966	169.0	1,186.0	29.0	65	75.8	52.1	53.7
1967	186.0	1,122.0	31.8	66	76.4	39.8	40.9
1968				67	77.4		
1969				69	77.4		

	Payment rate: Shorn wool 5/	Payment rate: Unshorn lambs 6/	Payment rate: Mohair 5/	Amount of payments 7/: Shorn wool	Amount of payments 7/: Unshorn lambs	Amount of payments 7/: Mohair	Amount of payments 7/: Total	70 percent of specific and ad valorem duties for calendar year 8/
	Percent	Cents	Percent	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars	Million dollars
1955	44.9	77	---	50.0	7.6	---	57.6	49.0
1956	40.0	71	---	44.0	7.9	---	51.9	52.3
1957	15.5	33	---	12.6	3.5	---	16.1	47.1
1958	70.3	102	---	73.7	11.4	---	85.1	50.1
1959	43.2	75	---	45.4	8.5	---	53.9	67.2
1960	47.6	80	---	49.9	9.6	---	59.5	75.3
1961	44.5	76	---	47.8	9.1	---	56.9	69.2
1962	30.0	57	3.6	32.8	6.4	.8	40.0	90.2
1963	27.8	54	---	22.1	5.1	---	27.2	92.4
1964	16.5	35	---	16.7	3.6	---	20.3	79.3
1965	31.6	60	9.9	28.1	6.1	1.9	36.1	121.5
1966	24.8	52	41.2	21.2	5.1	6.5	32.8	110.8
1967	65.8	105	86.8	47.0	9.8	11.4	68.2	96.9
1968								
1969								

1/ Year beginning April 1 for 1955-1962, 9-month period beginning April 1 for 1963, and calendar year for 1964 to date. 2/ Unadjusted for weight of unshorn lambs purchased. 3/ Average price per pound received by growers for wool sold during the marketing year. 4/ U.S. average price per pound computed by weighting State average prices by production. Averages for 1955 and 1956 are calendar years; averages for 1957 and later years are for the marketing year. 5/ Percentage needed to bring the average return per pound up to the incentive or support level. 6/ Per hundred weight of unshorn lambs sold. 7/ Payments made after the close of the marketing year. Preliminary estimate for 1967 marketing year. 8/ The National Wool Act of 1954, as amended, limits the accumulated total of payments under the Act on any date to 70 percent of the accumulated total, as of the same date, of gross receipts from specific and ad valorem duties on wool and wool manufactures on and after January 1, 1953. The accumulated reserve as of January 1, 1955, was 92.7 million dollars.

Farmer Programs Division, Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service.

Table 19.--Average weekly rate of consumption of apparel and carpet wool on woolen and worsted systems, scoured basis, United States, by months, unadjusted and adjusted for seasonal variation, 1964 to date

Month	1964		1965		1966		1967		1968	
	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted	Unadjusted	Adjusted
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
	Apparel wool									
January	4,563	4,536	4,855	4,755	5,838	5,662	4,630	4,465	4,535	4,360
February	4,726	4,536	4,870	4,665	5,822	5,587	4,587	4,415	4,925	4,749
March	4,443	4,284	4,947	4,789	5,865	5,711	4,417	4,313	4,848	4,739
April	4,281	4,144	5,623	5,407	5,844	5,576	4,661	4,426	4,978	4,714
May	4,836	4,437	5,523	5,086	5,745	5,285	4,751	4,367	4,829	4,438
June	4,976	4,574	5,461	5,029	5,614	5,189	4,652	4,315	4,955	4,605
July	4,026	4,454	4,883	5,378	4,726	5,181	3,847	4,209	3,970	4,339
August	4,628	4,370	5,798	5,475	5,519	5,207	4,533	4,272	4,584	4,320
September	4,549	4,637	5,424	5,540	4,519	4,649	4,158	4,295		
October	4,332	4,480	5,661	5,860	4,419	4,579	4,181	4,333		
November	3,977	4,394	5,267	5,839	4,018	4,459	4,383	4,859		
December	3,874	4,432	5,123	5,882	3,777	4,341	4,048	4,653		
	Carpet wool									
January	2,753	2,652	2,316	2,229	2,243	2,146	1,779	1,701	1,797	1,716
February	2,679	2,616	2,220	2,181	2,287	2,262	1,518	1,504	1,887	1,874
March	2,367	2,353	2,207	2,189	2,260	2,244	1,362	1,354	1,812	1,803
April	2,230	2,297	2,172	2,230	2,117	2,166	1,646	1,683	1,766	1,804
May	1,872	1,878	2,187	2,191	2,120	2,126	1,779	1,784	1,798	1,803
June	2,159	2,277	2,160	2,276	1,910	2,013	1,381	1,454	1,800	1,895
July	1,576	2,162	1,635	2,249	1,448	1,984	1,144	1,565	1,482	2,027
August	2,551	2,323	2,164	1,978	2,083	1,911	1,740	1,596	1,813	1,663
September	2,474	2,325	2,190	2,076	1,894	1,816	1,695	1,638		
October	2,577	2,309	2,342	2,087	2,145	1,905	1,834	1,623		
November	2,453	2,303	2,321	2,153	1,936	1,784	1,699	1,562		
December	2,166	2,290	2,025	2,154	1,552	1,649	1,822	1,942		

Table 20.--Fibers consumed and percentage distribution of wool and other fibers used in woolen spinning and worsted combing, United States, January-August 1964-68

Fiber and year	Production of top		Worsted system 1/		Woolen system: For yarns, except carpet and rug		Woolen system: For carpet and rug yarns		Total fibers consumed	
	1,000 lb.	Percent	1,000 lb.	Percent	1,000 lb.	Percent	1,000 lb.	Percent	1,000 lb.	Percent
Shorn and pulled wool of the sheep										
1964	84,468	84.6	92,930	84.5	65,865	31.2	79,311	51.2	238,106	50.0
1965	100,445	93.9	110,208	87.3	68,158	31.1	72,605	44.8	250,854	49.4
1966	111,213	91.3	122,184	91.3	69,178	31.2	70,038	43.4	261,400	50.6
1967	84,276	91.4	91,564	91.2	61,810	31.6	52,137	38.4	205,511	47.6
1968 8/	96,985	91.2	105,530	91.2	58,449	29.1	61,671	34.8	225,650	45.7
Reused, reprocessed, and other wool 2/										
1964	3/	---	3/	---	88,686	41.9	4/9,637	6.2	109,096	22.9
1965	3	---	3/	---	89,323	40.8	4/10,540	6.5	109,887	21.7
1966	3/	---	3/	---	88,186	39.8	---	---	105,050	20.3
1967	3/	---	3/	---	68,972	35.3	---	---	78,662	18.2
1968 8/	3/	---	3/	---	67,885	33.7	---	---	78,062	15.8
Man-made fibers 5/										
1964	3,587	3.6	3,739	3.4	52,368	24.8	65,134	42.1	121,241	25.5
1965	---	---	3,636	2.9	56,456	25.8	78,439	48.4	138,531	27.3
1966	2,523	2.1	2,540	1.9	59,493	26.8	81,169	50.3	143,244	27.7
1967	1,563	1.7	7/1,886	1.9	61,071	31.2	78,503	57.8	141,184	32.7
1968 8/	1,544	1.5	---	---	71,346	35.4	110,980	62.6	183,877	37.2
Other fibers 6/										
1964	3/	---	3/	---	4,474	2.1	3/	---	7,711	1.6
1965	3/	---	3/	---	4,961	2.3	3/	---	7,950	1.6
1966	3/	---	3/	---	4,929	2.2	3/	---	7,392	1.4
1967	3/	---	3/	---	3,793	1.9	3/	---	6,489	1.5
1968 8/	3/	---	3/	---	3,607	1.8	3/	---	6,606	1.3
Total fibers consumed										
1964	99,800	100.0	110,000	100.0	211,393	100.0	154,761	100.0	476,154	100.0
1965	115,007	100.0	126,291	100.0	218,898	100.0	162,033	100.0	507,222	100.0
1966	121,785	100.0	133,880	100.0	221,786	100.0	161,409	100.0	517,086	100.0
1967	92,176	100.0	100,421	100.0	195,646	100.0	135,779	100.0	431,846	100.0
1968 8/	106,340	100.0	115,688	100.0	201,287	100.0	177,246	100.0	494,195	100.0

1/ Consumption on the worsted system is taken as the sum of top and noil combed. 2/ Includes mohair, alpaca, vicuna, and other specialty fibers as well as tops and noils consumed in woolen spinning and mohair consumed in worsted combing. 3/ Not reported to avoid disclosure of individual company information. 4/ Does not include other wool. 5/ Does not include man-made fiber converted from tow without combing. 6/ Includes cotton, jute, and other vegetable fibers and animal fibers, other than raw wool and mohair consumed in worsted combing. 7/ Man-made fiber in noil production includes other fibers. 8/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 21.--Finished wool apparel fabrics: Inventories and unfilled orders at the weaving mill level, by months, January 1966 to date

Year and month	Woolens		Worsteds		Wool blends (chiefly polyester)		Total	
	Inventories	Unfilled orders	Inventories	Unfilled orders	Inventories	Unfilled orders	Inventories	Unfilled orders
	Mil. lin. yd	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.	Mil. lin. yd.
1966								
Jan.	13.3	53.9	5.0	39.2	2.8	30.9	21.1	124.0
Feb.	14.2	56.2	6.4	36.8	2.9	31.0	23.5	124.0
Mar.	17.8	59.2	6.4	32.9	3.3	32.8	27.5	124.9
Apr.	17.9	54.7	6.1	25.1	3.6	29.5	27.7	109.4
May	16.4	53.2	5.7	26.2	3.9	32.1	25.9	111.4
June	13.6	46.7	5.2	23.4	4.4	32.4	23.1	102.5
July	12.3	39.3	4.8	23.0	4.8	30.3	21.8	92.7
Aug.	11.7	34.1	4.2	24.1	4.8	27.5	20.7	85.7
Sept.	11.4	26.2	3.9	25.4	5.2	24.7	20.4	76.3
Oct.	9.0	22.5	3.4	24.7	5.1	20.0	17.5	67.2
Nov.	10.3	24.7	4.5	26.4	4.4	14.7	19.2	65.8
Dec.	12.0	26.3	5.2	26.9	4.1	14.4	21.3	67.6
1967								
Jan.	15.1	30.7	5.7	27.9	4.5	9.8	25.3	68.4
Feb.	16.0	33.4	5.8	28.8	3.1	9.2	24.8	71.3
Mar.	17.9	33.7	5.5	29.6	2.7	6.5	26.1	69.8
Apr.	18.6	32.1	5.3	23.2	2.7	17.8	26.6	73.1
May	19.5	34.1	5.4	23.2	2.9	20.6	27.8	77.9
June	16.0	32.0	5.2	21.4	3.3	20.7	24.5	74.1
July	13.8	30.8	4.4	24.1	4.0	20.4	22.2	75.3
Aug.	12.6	27.9	4.1	24.3	4.4	20.1	21.1	72.2
Sept.	11.4	25.9	3.9	25.7	4.7	20.1	20.0	71.7
Oct.	11.3	26.3	3.8	29.9	4.3	15.8	19.4	72.0
Nov.	11.9	30.7	4.1	32.6	4.5	17.6	20.5	80.0
Dec.	13.3	36.4	3.9	35.1	4.0	13.7	21.2	85.2
1968								
Jan.	16.4	39.6	4.7	36.8	3.4	19.7	24.6	96.1
Feb.	17.1	35.6	5.0	35.5	3.0	22.5	25.0	93.5
Mar.	18.1	35.3	5.0	34.5	2.7	23.9	25.9	93.7
Apr.	18.8	35.5	5.2	32.3	3.1	29.1	27.0	97.0
May	17.2	33.4	5.3	35.1	3.5	30.6	26.0	99.1
June	14.7	33.6	5.0	34.1	4.0	31.5	23.8	99.3
July	12.6	32.7	4.3	35.6	4.7	30.2	21.5	98.5
Aug.								
Sept.								
Oct.								
Nov.								
Dec.								

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 22.--Production of woolen and worsted woven goods, by type of fabric, United States, annual 1966-67, by quarters, January-March 1967 to date 1/

Fabric	1966	1967	1967 Jan.-Mar.	1967 Apr.-June	1967 July-Sept.	1967 Oct.-Dec.	1968 Jan.-Mar.	1968 Apr.-June
	1,000 linear yards							
Woolen and worsted woven fabrics (except felt)	264,877	237,723	61,762	65,908	52,704	57,349	62,039	68,426
Apparel fabrics	250,351	224,956	57,570	62,795	50,154	54,437	60,010	66,552
Government orders	11,198	9,866	2,739	3,007	1,525	2,595	2,549	955
Other than Government orders	239,153	215,090	54,831	59,788	48,629	51,842	57,461	65,597
Men's and boys' clothing	86,720	69,504	20,708	20,314	12,946	15,536	23,938	25,321
Less than 9 oz.	12,806	9,632	2,098	2,021	2,802	2,711	2,302	2,545
Worsted	11,750	9,057	1,910	1,917	2,664	2,566	2,202	2,442
Woolen	1,056	575	188	104	138	145	100	103
9 oz. up to 13 oz.	59,282	48,317	15,690	14,297	7,936	10,394	18,258	18,008
Worsted	37,434	30,139	10,379	8,992	4,728	6,040	12,526	13,053
Woolen	22,208	18,178	5,311	5,305	3,208	4,354	5,732	4,955
13 oz. up to 16 oz.	4,740	4,889	1,077	1,599	1,019	1,194	1,562	2,511
Worsted	2,459	3,222	620	1,161	636	805	739	830
Woolen	2,281	1,667	457	438	383	389	823	1,681
16 oz. up to 20 oz.	4,668	3,675	1,063	1,332	536	744	1,252	1,699
Worsted	1,134	961	205	334	172	250	281	341
Woolen	3,534	2,714	858	998	364	494	971	1,358
20 oz. up to 26 oz.	4,520	2,742	695	1,022	603	422	535	513
26 oz. and over	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/	2/
Women's and children's clothing	152,430	145,586	34,123	39,474	35,683	36,306	33,523	40,276
Less than 9 oz.	11,239	11,846	2,844	3,418	2,804	2,780	3,537	1,941
Worsted	3,424	2,955	476	980	1,073	426	382	242
Woolen	7,815	8,891	2,368	2,438	1,731	2,354	3,155	1,699
9 oz. up to 13 oz.	83,003	74,674	16,995	20,680	18,385	18,614	16,355	20,187
Worsted	3,985	2,953	867	867	640	579	630	751
Woolen	79,018	71,721	16,128	19,813	17,745	18,035	15,725	19,436
13 oz. up to 16 oz.	14,119	19,408	4,581	5,179	4,383	5,265	3,558	4,536
Worsted	1,396	2,088	514	568	680	326	170	207
Woolen	12,723	17,320	4,067	4,611	3,703	4,939	3,388	4,329
16 oz. up to 20 oz.	20,100	17,723	4,420	4,450	3,919	4,934	4,318	6,374
Worsted	1,855	1,230	259	309	324	338	251	261
Woolen	18,245	16,502	4,161	4,141	3,595	4,605	4,067	6,113
20 oz. and over	23,969	21,926	5,283	5,747	6,192	4,704	5,755	7,238
Nonapparel fabrics	14,526	12,767	4,192	3,113	2,550	2,912	2,029	1,874
Blanketing	10,362	8,501	3,041	2,322	1,670	1,468	804	718
Other	4,164	4,266	1,151	791	880	1,444	1,225	1,156
	1,000 pounds							
Woven felts	8,742	9,869	2,483	2,576	2,337	2,473	2,026	2,007
Papermakers	6,504	7,721	1,904	2,001	1,812	2,004	1,549	1,514
All others	2,238	2,148	579	575	525	469	477	493

1/ Fabrics wholly or chiefly by weight of wool, reused wool, reprocessed wool or other animal fibers. Blanketing in 72 inch width or equivalent, other fabrics in 54 to 60 inch width or equivalent 54 inch width. 2/ Less than 100 thousand.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 23.--Fabric deliveries to U.S. military forces, in equivalent square yards of fabric, by months, January 1967 to date

Fiber and fabric	1967													1968								
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.
	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.	1,000 sq.yd.
Wool																						
Blanketing	1,209	1,328	2,130	1,250	1,055	999	631	1,036	670	591	248	98	11,245	112	98	142	142	48	15	14		
Flannel	0	0	84	74	183	65	11	3	0	0	54	133	607	156	132	54	80	11	106	47		
Frieze	0	0	0	0	0	0	141	203	164	274	255	187	1,224	198	32	12	0	0	0	0		
Gabardine	88	919	992	331	546	571	381	357	281	196	0	0	4,662	0	55	53	56	0	2	0		
Kersey	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Melton	443	295	170	148	81	24	0	0	0	178	153	122	1,614	167	103	148	13	55	0	0		
Pile	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Serge	759	696	525	274	909	938	546	445	338	506	952	672	7,560	892	619	658	264	256	245	492		
Tropical	0	0	0	15	164	128	250	249	67	37	308	87	1,305	194	165	75	62	0	96	105		
Other	0	0	16	10	11	11	9	8	0	13	16	20	114	13	0	0	2	1	0	0		
Total	2,499	3,238	3,917	2,102	2,949	2,736	1,969	2,301	1,520	1,795	1,986	1,319	28,331	1,732	1,204	1,142	619	371	464	658		
Mixed Fiber																						
Cotton and wool	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Cotton and cellulosic	630	33	81	32	280	28	105	61	738	907	623	417	3,935	1,530	1,867	1,134	458	871	1,173	625		
Cotton and non-cellulosic	5,392	5,071	4,097	2,342	2,988	3,055	2,030	2,867	809	2,305	2,069	2,404	35,429	3,424	4,763	4,120	3,291	4,036	3,016	2,580		
Cotton and glass	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Cotton and other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Wool and cellulosic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Wool and non-cellulosic	1,450	647	1,363	665	1,141	1,105	485	833	866	1,506	1,876	1,826	13,763	1,576	1,124	546	161	254	1	0		
Wool and other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Cotton, wool and cellulosic	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Cotton, wool and non-cellulosic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Cellulosic and non-cellulosic	0	0	297	170	163	291	81	0	62	249	0	51	1,364	43	34	0	19	0	0	0		
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total	7,472	5,751	5,838	3,209	4,573	4,479	2,701	3,761	2,475	4,967	4,568	4,698	54,492	6,573	7,788	5,800	3,929	5,350	4,190	3,205		
Cotton																						
Total	24,570	24,808	32,189	19,315	23,799	23,208	17,151	23,371	19,236	18,423	19,011	13,244	258,325	17,811	15,781	13,875	10,212	10,815	14,445	15,381		
Man-made																						
Cellulosic																						
Total	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0		
Non-cellulosic																						
Total	6,485	6,975	5,959	2,645	1,986	3,446	621	1,529	885	1,377	1,124	666	33,697	711	443	841	686	1,009	899	1,247		
Glass	5	10	10	0	0	3	8	2	63	13	11	0	125	1	4	2	9	20	27	21		
Total man-made	6,490	6,985	5,970	2,645	1,986	3,449	629	1,531	948	1,390	1,135	667	33,824	712	447	845	695	1,029	926	1,271		
Total all fibers	41,031	40,782	47,914	27,271	33,307	33,872	22,450	30,964	24,179	26,575	26,700	19,928	374,972	26,828	25,220	21,662	15,455	17,565	20,025	20,515		

Based on data from the Department of Defense.

Table 24--Textile fabrics: Deliveries to U.S. military forces, raw fiber content, annual 1962-67, by months, January 1966 to date

Year and month	Wool: 100 percent wool fabric	Wool: Wool and man-made fiber mixtures: 50 percent or more wool	Wool: Wool and man-made fiber mixtures: Less than 50 percent wool	Wool: Wool and other fiber mixtures	Wool: Total	Cotton: 100 percent cotton fabric	Cotton: Cotton and man-made fiber mixtures: 50 percent or more cotton	Cotton: Cotton and man-made fiber mixtures: Less than 50 percent cotton	Cotton: Cotton and other fiber mixtures	Cotton: Total	Man-made: Cellulosic: Filament yarn	Man-made: Cellulosic: Staple fiber	Man-made: Cellulosic: Total	Man-made: Non-cellulosic: Filament yarn	Man-made: Non-cellulosic: Staple fiber	Man-made: Non-cellulosic: Total	Man-made: Total: Filament yarn	Man-made: Total: Staple fiber	Man-made: Total: Total	Glass	Total all fibers
	1,000 pounds																				
1962	13,661	0	4	2	13,667	50,387	253	768	---	51,408	710	3	713	770	848	1,624	1,486	851	2,337	53	67,465
1963 1/	7,858	0	10	58	7,926	30,777	103	283	17	31,180	126	85	211	770	603	1,373	896	688	1,584	2	40,692
1964 1/	5,246	0	95	2/	5,341	20,363	129	1,118	0	21,610	191	20	211	544	1,380	1,934	745	1,400	2,145	14	29,110
1965 1/	3,863	0	400	346	4,509	26,522	865	124	115	27,626	253	41	294	1,469	1,484	2,953	1,722	1,525	3,247	16	35,498
1966	15,325	80	1,268	0	16,674	103,549	4,960	1,072	0	109,579	20	570	591	11,097	4,695	15,792	11,118	5,266	16,383	20	142,656
1967	21,318	80	2,183	0	23,581	148,335	9,806	1,645	0	159,786	436	300	736	9,921	8,984	18,905	10,357	9,281	19,638	63	203,068
1966																					
Jan.	661	0	17	0	678	2,238	39	4	0	2,281	2/	0	2/	236	76	312	236	76	312	0	3,271
Feb.	912	0	42	0	954	3,542	10	0	0	3,552	2/	0	2/	294	62	356	294	62	356	9	4,871
Mar.	816	0	72	0	888	4,408	66	0	0	4,474	1	0	1	664	120	784	665	120	785	0	6,147
Apr.	795	0	48	0	843	7,079	72	0	0	7,151	1	0	1	329	102	431	330	102	432	2	8,428
May	195	0	56	0	251	1,198	16	0	0	1,214	2/	0	2/	23	75	98	24	75	99	0	1,564
June	470	0	36	0	506	3,985	101	3	0	4,089	1	0	1	402	104	506	403	104	507	0	5,102
July	888	18	198	0	1,104	10,997	277	24	0	11,297	1	0	1	1,999	532	2,531	2,000	532	2,531	1	14,933
Aug.	1,827	3	16	0	1,846	12,463	506	145	0	13,114	1	59	60	1,436	463	1,[illegible]	1,437	523	1,960	0	16,920
Sept.	2,095	0	29	0	2,124	12,579	676	175	0	13,430	3	112	115	1,359	290	1,649	1,362	402	1,764	1	17,319
Oct.	1,711	53	182	0	1,947	14,036	2,084	265	0	16,385	6	170	177	1,644	1,158	2,802	1,650	1,328	2,978	2	21,312
Nov.	3,245	0	350	0	3,595	17,750	680	368	0	18,798	4	199	203	1,619	1,140	2,659	1,623	1,239	2,862	2	25,257
Dec.	1,710	6	222	0	1,938	13,274	433	88	0	13,794	2	30	32	1,092	673	1,765	1,094	703	1,797	3	17,532
1967																					
Jan.	1,969	27	224	0	2,219	14,295	843	468	0	15,605	4	133	137	1,601	1,223	2,824	1,605	1,356	2,961	1	20,786
Feb.	2,448	0	105	0	2,552	13,824	682	280	0	14,786	3	3	6	1,870	754	2,624	1,873	756	2,629	1	19,968
Mar.	3,081	53	199	0	3,333	18,214	1,075	113	0	19,401	9	33	42	1,655	1,052	2,707	1,664	1,085	2,749	6	25,489
Apr.	1,657	0	107	0	1,764	10,878	781	20	0	11,679	3	19	22	910	658	1,567	912	676	1,589	0	15,032
May.	2,079	0	184	0	2,263	14,296	1,019	115	0	15,430	36	32	68	798	735	1,533	834	767	1,601	0	19,294
June	1,963	0	179	0	2,142	13,371	669	95	0	14,134	2	19	22	891	636	1,527	893	655	1,548	2	17,826
July	1,428	0	84	0	1,512	9,946	777	34	0	10,757	9	9	18	305	443	748	314	452	766	1	13,036
Aug.	1,772	0	133	0	1,905	13,691	745	146	0	14,581	6	0	6	625	722	1,347	632	722	1,354	0	17,840
Sept.	1,195	0	136	0	1,330	10,855	586	55	0	11,496	102	7	109	271	367	638	373	373	747	31	13,604
Oct.	1,423	0	243	0	1,666	10,602	840	195	0	11,636	126	27	153	430	774	1,204	556	802	1,347	2	14,661
Nov.	1,384	0	298	0	1,682	10,680	948	70	0	11,699	86	0	86	321	784	1,105	407	784	1,191	19	14,591
Dec.	919	0	291	0	1,210	7,683	841	54	0	8,578	50	18	67	244	836	1,080	294	853	1,147	0	10,935
1968																					
Jan.	1,170	0	252	0	1,422	10,072	1,405	110	0	11,587	217	5	222	279	858	1,137	497	862	1,359	0	14,368
Feb.	764	0	180	0	944	9,006	1,736	173	0	10,915	264	6	270	165	1,208	1,373	429	1,214	1,643	1	13,503
Mar.	739	0	86	0	825	7,954	1,197	249	0	9,400	162	0	162	170	1,060	1,230	332	1,060	1,392	1	11,618
Apr.	417	0	25	0	442	6,023	889	116	0	7,028	91	-34	57	202	611	813	293	577	870	2	8,342
May	242	0	39	0	281	5,941	1,212	166	0	7,319	124	0	124	208	1,025	1,233	332	1,025	1,357	12	8,969
June	267	0	0	0	267	7,112	1,164	103	0	8,379	167	0	167	426	702	1,128	593	702	1,295	9	9,950
July	391	0	0	0	391	7,351	731	97	0	8,179	91	0	91	537	646	1,183	628	646	1,275	6	9,850
Aug.																					
Sept.																					

1/ Total of available data: 1963, 8 months; 1964, 10 months; 1965, 7 months, all other, 12 months.
2/ Less than 500 pounds.
Based on data from the Department of Defense.

Table 25.--Raw wool content of United States imports for consumption of wool manufactures, annual 1963-67, and by months, January-August 1968 1/

Year and month	Tops and advanced wool	Yarns	Woven fabrics 2/	Wool blankets 3/	Wearing apparel: Knit	Wearing apparel: Other than knit 4/	Other manufactures 5/	Sub-total	Noils	Wastes 6/	Carpets and rugs	Total
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
1963	6,457	9,992	22,266	420	17,966	10,073	5,364	72,538	41,729	16,263	22,019	152,549
1964	3,079	8,217	19,804	535	20,282	8,139	1,201	61,257	38,075	14,420	27,395	141,147
1965	8,088	11,257	25,702	744	27,617	7,826	1,752	82,986	34,291	17,402	21,437	156,116
1966	10,362	12,969	24,836	746	25,789	7,232	1,669	83,603	27,647	16,229	15,383	142,862
1967	5,795	9,684	24,319	755	24,371	6,400	2,438	73,762	28,912	10,895	8,179	121,748
1968 8/												
Jan.	412	992	2,537	49	1,335	262	162	5,749	2,427	1,044	842	10,062
Feb.	583	943	2,214	67	1,167	237	77	5,288	2,871	1,553	678	10,390
Mar.	489	1,030	2,990	42	1,198	249	327	6,325	2,217	919	690	10,151
Apr.	682	1,085	3,338	48	1,772	260	337	7,522	2,189	1,219	854	11,784
May	481	1,164	3,317	53	2,860	367	244	8,486	2,310	1,415	944	13,155
June	671	632	2,705	65	3,319	636	257	8,285	2,125	1,194	649	12,253
July	440	995	3,147	93	4,493	1,261	242	10,671	3,210	1,347	790	16,018
Aug.	834	825	3,055	115	4,339	1,407	282	10,857	2,142	1,354	850	15,203
Jan.-Aug.												
1963	5,274	6,738	16,639	215	10,251	5,219	4,844	49,180	27,454	11,863	14,307	102,804
1964	1,892	5,354	13,821	307	11,552	4,220	830	37,976	27,249	9,644	18,656	93,525
1965	4,464	6,627	17,344	443	16,014	3,848	1,060	49,800	23,594	10,437	14,264	98,095
1966	7,702	9,870	18,881	524	15,933	4,154	1,341	58,405	20,349	12,269	10,995	102,018
1967	4,194	6,753	17,191	486	14,282	3,669	1,286	47,861	21,510	7,827	5,875	83,073
1968 8/	4,592	7,666	23,303	532	20,483	4,679	1,928	63,183	19,491	10,045	6,297	99,016

See footnotes end of table 26.

Table 26.--Raw wool content of United States exports of domestic wool manufactures, annual 1963-67, and by months, January-August 1968 1/

Year and month	Tops and advanced wool	Yarns	Fabrics woven and knit	Wool blankets	Wearing apparel: Knit	Wearing apparel: Other than knit	Other manufactures 7/	Felts	Sub-total	Noils and wastes 6/	Carpets and rugs	Total
	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds	1,000 pounds
1963	873	229	701	89	145	266	580	198	3,081	2,038	470	5,589
1964	370	228	748	239	201	390	893	276	3,345	3,281	372	6,998
1965	433	185	804	213	349	512	2,132	1,534	6,162	8,876	614	15,652
1966	458	273	586	183	348	600	1,978	1,279	5,705	6,400	588	12,693
1967	527	331	550	211	535	503	1,672	1,792	6,121	4,065	509	10,695
1968 8/												
Jan.	21	20	45	8	39	35	56	30	254	76	77	407
Feb.	35	30	44	11	53	34	93	238	538	218	34	790
Mar.	51	42	25	5	44	31	65	171	434	414	41	889
Apr.	14	44	42	16	36	34	89	80	355	69	94	518
May	12	38	50	39	33	17	89	186	464	371	78	913
June	64	24	38	21	33	30	63	119	392	389	55	836
July	25	5	43	25	56	35	41	140	370	612	80	1,062
Aug.	12	34	78	21	49	59	105	200	558	354	49	961
Jan.-Aug.												
1963	385	123	446	60	79	147	333	140	1,713	1,290	259	3,262
1964	232	145	451	94	115	240	436	183	1,896	2,047	237	4,180
1965	289	96	543	133	179	285	1,248	1,024	3,797	7,192	370	11,359
1966	293	156	437	100	198	369	1,295	835	3,683	5,074	327	9,084
1967	363	194	367	111	356	295	1,154	1,035	3,875	2,946	351	7,172
1968 8/	234	237	365	146	343	275	601	1,164	3,365	2,503	508	6,376

1/ Includes manufactures of mohair, alpaca, and other wool-like specialty hair. 2/ Includes pile fabrics and manufactures, tapestry and upholstery goods, press and billiard cloths. 3/ Includes carriage and automobile robes, steamer rugs, etc. 4/ Includes laces, lace articles, veils and veilings, nets and nettings, when reported in pounds. 5/ Includes knit fabrics in the piece and miscellaneous manufactures not elsewhere specified. 6/ Not including rags. Beginning January 1965, export data includes substantial quantities of non-wool animal hair. 7/ Census Bureau's Schedule B classification designated manufactures, n.e.c. 8/ Preliminary.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

Table 27.--Price per pound of British Dominion wool, (Bradford grade), by months, January 1965 to date

Year and month	Combing							
	70's	64's	60's	58's	56's	50's	48's	46's
	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents
1965								
January	114.0	104.7	100.0	93.0	90.7	80.3	75.6	74.4
February	115.3	106.0	100.2	92.0	88.5	80.4	75.7	74.5
March	111.7	102.4	95.4	88.4	86.1	76.8	73.3	71.0
April	113.0	103.7	96.7	89.7	87.4	81.6	78.1	75.7
May	113.0	103.7	96.7	90.9	85.1	81.6	78.1	75.8
June	110.5	102.4	96.6	93.1	83.8	79.1	75.6	73.8
July	114.0	107.0	102.3	98.8	87.2	84.9	81.4	79.1
August	112.8	107.0	102.3	98.8	91.9	87.2	82.6	80.2
September	114.2	108.4	103.7	100.2	93.2	83.9	81.6	79.2
October	121.5	113.3	108.6	103.9	94.6	86.4	82.9	81.8
November	123.8	115.7	111.0	107.5	97.0	86.4	82.9	81.8
December	122.6	113.3	108.6	105.1	96.9	82.9	79.4	77.1
1966								
January	125.0	114.5	109.8	106.3	95.8	82.9	77.1	74.8
February	127.3	116.8	110.9	103.9	94.6	82.9	77.1	73.6
March	130.4	121.1	115.3	108.3	97.8	86.2	78.0	74.5
April	123.7	123.4	117.6	110.6	101.3	87.3	76.8	73.3
May	131.5	123.3	117.5	109.4	102.4	87.3	76.8	72.1
June	130.2	123.2	117.4	110.4	102.3	87.2	76.7	72.1
July	130.1	123.2	117.4	110.4	102.3	87.2	76.7	72.0
August	127.8	120.8	116.2	109.2	102.3	83.7	74.4	70.9
September	124.4	117.4	112.7	106.9	98.8	80.2	73.2	69.7
October	121.0	112.8	107.0	101.2	95.4	79.1	73.3	69.8
November	118.6	110.5	105.8	98.9	96.5	77.9	72.1	69.8
December	117.4	109.3	104.6	97.7	95.3	75.6	70.9	68.6
1967								
January	117.5	108.2	102.3	95.4	89.5	74.4	69.8	67.4
February	119.9	111.8	104.8	97.8	92.0	75.7	69.8	67.5
March	117.7	109.5	102.5	95.5	93.2	75.7	69.9	67.6
April	120.1	110.8	102.6	95.6	93.3	75.8	70.0	67.6
May	122.4	115.4	106.0	97.9	93.2	74.6	69.9	67.6
June	121.0	114.0	104.7	97.7	93.0	74.4	69.8	67.5
July	117.3	109.2	101.0	95.2	83.6	67.4	60.4	58.1
August	109.1	101.0	92.8	85.9	83.6	68.5	62.7	59.2
September	111.3	103.2	93.9	85.8	82.4	67.3	60.3	58.0
October	113.6	103.2	93.9	84.7	73.1	58.0	54.5	52.2
November	115.3	104.3	93.2	83.2	65.4	48.8	47.7	46.6
December	113.3	103.3	91.2	81.2	73.2	52.1	48.1	46.1
1968								
January	116.4	105.4	95.4	85.3	76.3	48.2	44.2	41.2
February	125.5	108.4	98.4	89.3	80.3	49.2	45.2	41.2
March	125.0	107.0	97.0	88.0	85.0	54.0	49.0	45.0
April	125.1	106.1	97.1	88.1	82.1	53.0	47.0	43.0
May	124.4	105.5	96.6	86.6	73.7	53.8	45.8	41.8
June	124.2	105.3	96.4	86.4	75.5	55.6	49.7	46.7
July	122.5	104.6	95.6	85.6	75.7	55.8	49.8	46.8
August	119.6	102.6	93.7	84.7	73.7	53.8	48.8	45.8
September	120.4	103.5	94.5	85.5	80.6	59.7	53.7	51.7

Compiled from reports of New Zealand Wool Commission.

Table 28.--Estimated world production of raw wool, 1964/65 to date

Country and type	1964/65	1965/66	1966/67	1967/68	1968/69 1/
			Million pounds		
Australia	1,784	1,663	1,762	1,768	1,832
New Zealand	623	695	709	728	740
United Kingdom	127	129	131	128	127
Argentina	419	430	441	428	407
South Africa	296	329	292	307	308
United States	255	241	236	227	212
Uruguay	187	183	176	179	165
Other	891	917	917	911	907
Total Free World	4,582	4,587	4,664	4,676	4,698
Soviet Bloc	1,101	1,138	1,178	1,236	1,252
World total	5,683	5,725	5,842	5,912	5,950
Of which:					
Merino	2,317	2,264	2,310	2,338	2,380
Crossbred	2,160	2,230	2,270	2,294	2,312
Total apparel	4,477	4,494	4,580	4,632	4,692
	1,206	1,231	1,262	1,280	1,258
Other					
Clean equivalent					
Merino type	1,262	1,222	1,260	1,275	1,298
Crossbred	1,400	1,451	1,492	1,508	1,520
Total apparel	2,662	2,673	2,752	2,783	2,818
Other	603	616	631	640	629
Total	3,265	3,289	3,383	3,423	3,447

1/ Estimated.

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Secretariat, Commodities Division.

Table 29.--Wool: Estimated mill consumption in selected countries, clean content, annual 1965-67, and April-June 1967 and 1968

Country	Year			1967	1968	Percentage change	
	1965	1966	1967	April-June	April-June	April-June 1968 to April-June 1967	1967 compared with 1966
	Million pounds					Percent	
United States 1/	387.0	370.2	312.5	81.5	87.2	+ 7.0	-15.6
United Kingdom	402.6	388.2	359.9	96.7	100.4	+ 3.8	- 7.3
France	254.6	281.0	234.6	61.3	60.8	- .8	-16.5
Japan	350.4	395.1	380.6	95.0	100.6	+ 5.9	- 3.7
Italy	189.4	242.0	218.3	58.0	52.4	- 9.7	- 9.8
West Germany	146.2	150.5	122.5	31.0	37.5	+21.0	-18.6
Belgium	97.9	95.5	80.1	20.5	23.1	+12.7	-16.1
Australia	78.3	71.5	75.6	20.2	18.6	- 7.9	+ 5.7
Netherlands	21.4	21.8	20.5	5.9	4.6	-22.0	- 6.0
Total	1,927.8	2,015.8	1,804.6	470.1	485.2	+ 3.2	- 10.5

1/ Consumption on woolen and worsted system only.

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Secretariat, Commodities Division and the Bureau of the Census.

Table 30.--Production of wool and hair tops, worsted and woolen yarn, and wool woven fabrics, by specified countries, annual 1965-67, by quarters, January-March 1967 to date

Country	Year			1967				1968		Percentage change	
	1965	1966	1967	Jan.-Mar.	Apr.-June	July-Sept.	Oct.-Dec.	Jan.-Mar.	Apr.-June	Jan.-June 1968 to Jan.-June 1967	Apr.-June 1968 to Apr.-June 1967
	Million pounds									Percent	
	Tops										
United Kingdom	247.6	229.8	203.1	56.4	55.6	43.0	48.1	57.0	55.9	+ 0.8	+ 0.5
France	188.8	211.0	169.7	50.0	44.1	33.9	41.8	51.2	42.6	- .3	- 3.4
Japan	273.3	313.7	305.7	76.3	77.3	76.0	76.1	72.8	76.8	- 2.6	- .7
Italy	117.8	178.0	162.3	44.3	43.2	36.4	36.0	34.0	37.5	-18.3	-13.2
United States	174.7	166.4	140.5	33.5	36.6	33.2	36.6	39.9	40.8	+15.1	+11.5
West Germany	78.4	86.9	67.6	15.6	17.7	15.3	19.1	23.4	21.3	+34.2	+20.3
Belgium	64.8	63.0	52.5	15.3	13.7	10.6	12.9	13.8	14.7	- 1.7	+ 7.3
Australia	51.2	47.0	47.7	10.6	12.9	12.7	11.5	10.2	11.1	- 9.4	-14.0
Uruguay	23.7	29.5	29.4	7.6	8.2	4.9	7.9	9.5	8.7	+15.2	+ 6.1
Netherlands	2.6	2.2	1.6	.4	.5	.4	.3	---	---	---	---
Total	1,222.9	1,327.5	1,180.1	310.0	309.7	266.4	290.3	311.7	309.3	+ .2	- .2
	Worsted yarn										
United Kingdom	227.0	221.3	193.1	49.7	50.8	42.6	50.0	55.3	54.7	+ 9.5	+ 7.7
Italy	166.1	203.6	195.7	51.2	50.4	44.8	49.2	47.3	50.7	- 3.6	+ .6
France	183.6	214.2	180.3	49.2	49.2	34.6	47.4	47.6	44.8	- 6.1	- 9.0
West Germany	139.7	155.8	130.6	29.9	33.0	30.1	37.6	40.2	38.6	+25.3	+17.0
Japan	238.7	261.7	268.0	64.8	66.1	68.3	68.7	64.2	65.4	- 1.0	- 1.1
Belgium	94.6	104.6	93.8	22.8	24.9	23.8	26.7	27.6	28.4	+17.4	+14.1
Netherlands	20.8	19.7	17.0	4.4	4.6	3.8	4.2	4.2	3.9	-10.0	-15.2
Australia	23.7	19.3	19.5	4.1	5.0	5.1	5.3	4.5	4.0	- 5.6	-20.0
Total	1,094.2	1,200.2	1,098.0	276.1	284.0	253.1	289.1	290.9	290.5	+ 3.8	+ 2.3
	Woolen yarn										
United Kingdom	321.8	314.7	304.4	77.1	80.1	65.7	81.4	85.0	81.4	+ 5.9	+ 1.6
Italy	268.2	330.7	310.7	79.5	80.3	70.1	76.8	78.7	81.6	+ .3	+ 1.6
France	102.3	106.6	98.8	27.0	28.2	18.8	24.8	24.8	23.2	-13.1	-17.7
West Germany	133.1	112.7	95.2	23.7	24.4	20.5	26.6	27.3	26.5	+11.8	+ 8.6
Japan	103.5	100.6	94.4	22.7	25.0	23.9	22.7	20.7	23.7	- 6.9	- 5.2
Belgium	47.7	48.9	40.7	10.0	10.9	8.5	11.4	11.5	12.1	+12.9	+11.0
Netherlands	40.2	38.2	33.5	8.2	9.3	7.4	8.6	7.9	7.9	- 9.7	-15.1
Australia	30.9	31.4	33.9	6.8	8.8	9.3	9.0	7.4	9.4	+ 7.7	+ 6.8
Total	1,047.5	1,083.8	1,011.6	255.0	267.0	224.2	261.3	263.3	265.8	+ 1.4	- .5
	Woven fabrics										
	Million square yards										
United States	434.2	431.2	386.1	100.6	107.1	86.7	92.4	99.3	107.2	- .6	+ .1
United Kingdom	355.8	332.8	315.2	78.9	79.7	73.0	83.7	82.3	77.9	+ 1.0	- 2.3
Japan	413.7	418.7	456.9	105.4	109.2	118.7	123.6	111.2	117.6	+ 6.6	+ 7.7
Italy	206.5	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
France	193.0	219.5	194.2	52.9	50.2	39.6	51.5	51.7	44.8	- 3.2	-10.8
West Germany	185.3	178.5	143.1	32.0	37.3	33.0	40.7	39.6	40.1	+15.0	+ 7.5
Netherlands	64.9	67.0	52.5	13.2	12.5	12.5	14.3	13.6	12.6	+ 1.9	+ .8
Australia	34.5	31.1	32.2	7.0	8.4	8.3	8.5	7.6	8.0	+ 1.3	- 4.8
Total	1,887.9	1,678.8	1,580.2	390.0	404.4	371.8	414.7	405.2	408.2	+ 2.4	+ .9
Belgium	38.2	37.2	31.7	8.4	7.9	6.4	8.6	8.3	8.0	---	+ 1.3
Italy (Mil. lb.)	---	254.0	237.8	60.8	62.5	---	60.5	62.6	62.8	+ 1.7	+ .5

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Secretariat, Commodities Division.

Table 21.--World trade in wool tops, woolen and worsted yarn, and exports of worsted fabric, by specified countries, annual 1965-67, by quarters, October-December 1966 to date

Country	Year 1965	Year 1966	Year 1967	1966 Oct.-Dec.	1967 Jan.-Mar.	1967 Apr.-June	1967 July-Sept.	1967 Oct.-Dec.	1968 Jan.-Mar.	1968 Apr.-June	Percentage change: Jan.-June 1968 to Jan.-June 1967	Percentage change: Jan.-Mar. 1968 to Jan.-Mar. 1967
	Million pounds										Percent	
	Tops											
Exports												
United Kingdom	64.0	62.7	51.4	15.4	15.3	13.5	11.5	11.1	14.3	14.7	+[illegible].7	-6.5
France	59.6	59.7	57.1	13.6	13.9	14.9	1[illegible].9	17.5	2[illegible].7	13.6	+19.1	+48.9
Uruguay	23.7	29.5	29.4	4.6	7.6	8.2	4.9	8.7	9.5	8.7	+15.2	+25.0
Australia	19.3	24.2	23.1	6.3	5.2	6.3	5.8	5.8	5.3	5.8	-3.5	+1.9
Belgium	28.5	25.5	23.5	5.2	5.6	5.6	5.4	6.9	6.1	1/3.7	---	+8.9
Republic of South Africa	1[illegible].5	14.[illegible]	13.2	3.3	3.2	3.5	3.1	3.6	3.3	3.9	+1[illegible].8	+[illegible].1
Japan	13.2	9.2	9.6	1.9	2.1	2.[illegible]	2.[illegible]	3.5	3.9	5.[illegible]	+1[illegible]7.3	+66.7
West Germany	7.2	6.9	6.5	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.8	1.4	2.5	1/2.2	---	+66.7
Argentina	5.4	5.2	6.9	1.3	1.7	2.1	1.5	1.6	1.1	1.2	-39.5	-35.3
Switzerland	1.1	1.2	1.7	.3	.4	.5	.4	.5	.5	.5	+11.1	+25.
Total	232.5	238.1	222.4	53.4	56.4	58.2	47.3	6[illegible].6	66.8	62.4	+12.7	+18.4
Imports												
Belgium	44.8	53.1	47.4	13.[illegible]	11.1	12.2	8.9	15.3	16.4	1/8.5	---	+47.7
Netherlands	16.4	16.2	12.2	2.6	2.9	3.3	2.8	3.2	3.9	4.4	+33.9	+34.5
India	1.[illegible]	.4	.1	---	---	---	.1	---	---	---	---	---
West Germany	22.4	24.4	22.5	5.1	4.7	5.7	4.8	7.3	7.0	1/4.5	---	+48.9
Canada	17.8	16.[illegible]	14.6	3.2	3.6	3.9	4.[illegible]	3.1	4.2	2/1.8	---	+16.7
Switzerland	12.	14.6	13.2	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.[illegible]	2.7	3.1	3.4	-12.2	-16.2
Italy	19.3	12.6	11.4	2.6	3.1	2.3	3.6	2.4	2.5	1/2.[illegible]	---	-19.4
Greece	1[illegible].5	11.9	9.[illegible]	3.[illegible]	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.[illegible]	3/	---	-13.1
Japan	3.[illegible]	4.8	4.5	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.4	.7	.6	1.1	-32.	-5[illegible].
Sweden	5.5	5.1	4.4	1.7	1.3	1.3	.6	1.3	1.3	1/.7	---	---
France	5.3	5.7	4.3	1.4	1.3	1.[illegible]	.9	1.1	1.4	2/.5	---	+7.7
United States	8.1	1[illegible].3	5.8	1.8	2.[illegible]	1.6	.9	1.2	1.5	1/1.2	---	-25.
Denmark	2.6	2.6	2.1	.6	.7	.7	.5	.3	.3	.4	-5[illegible].	-57.2
Norway	2.7	3.3	3.2	.8	.9	.7	.7	.9	.7	.8	-6.3	-22.2
United Kingdom	1.8	2.4	3.7	.6	.6	1.1	1.1	.9	1.1	1.1	+29.4	+83.3
Irish Republic	3.0	4.1	3.9	1.[illegible]	1.1	1.[illegible]	.7	1.1	1.2	1/.7	---	+9.1
Total	176.2	187.5	162.3	42.3	40.5	42.[illegible]	36.3	43.7	47.2	45.[illegible]	+11.8	+16.5
	Yarns											
Exports												
France	54.4	5[illegible].7	43.3	12.5	11.[illegible]	11.8	9.4	11.1	11.3	---	---	+2.7
Belgium	57.5	61.3	53.4	13.8	11.9	15.4	1[illegible].4	15.7	1/1[illegible].	---	---	---
United Kingdom	3[illegible].1	29.5	27.7	8.2	7.5	7.6	6.3	6.2	7.1	---	---	-5.3
Italy	28.8	24.5	2[illegible].4	5.1	4.9	5.7	5.1	4.7	5.	---	---	+2.
Japan	2[illegible].8	3[illegible].9	18.6	7.7	4.1	5.4	4.[illegible]	5.1	5.2	---	---	+26.8
Netherlands	13.[illegible]	14.7	12.2	3.8	3.[illegible]	2.9	2.9	3.4	3.[illegible]	---	---	---
West Germany	8.4	8.[illegible]	8.3	2.[illegible]	1.5	2.[illegible]	2.6	2.3	2.[illegible]	---	---	+33.3
Austria	5.1	6.6	8.1	1.9	1.5	2.1	1.8	2.7	1.5	---	---	---
Switzerland	4.4	4.7	3.8	1.2	1.[illegible]	1.[illegible]	.8	1.1	.8	---	---	-2[illegible].
Total	222.5	23[illegible].9	195.8	56.2	46.4	53.9	43.3	52.3	51.[illegible]	---	---	+9.9
Imports												
West Germany	76.7	69.1	47.3	14.8	11.4	12.7	1[illegible].3	13.[illegible]	14.4	---	---	+26.3
Netherlands	26.2	28.9	21.6	6.8	5.1	5.9	4.7	5.9	5.6	---	---	+9.8
Belgium	14.6	16.4	12.[illegible]	3.8	3.[illegible]	3.[illegible]	2.7	3.3	1/1.9	---	---	---
Sweden	6.9	6.1	5.5	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.1	1.4	1.3	---	---	-18.8
Switzerland	4.2	3.9	3.2	1.1	.8	.8	.8	.7	.7	---	---	-12.5
Denmark	11.1	11.3	1[illegible].6	3.[illegible]	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.9	2.4	---	---	-7.7
United Kingdom	3.5	3.7	3.3	.7	.7	1.2	.8	.7	1.[illegible]	---	---	+42.9
Austria	6.7	6.9	6.9	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.7	---	---	---
United States	11.3	13.[illegible]	9.7	1.9	2.6	2.3	2.8	2.[illegible]	3.[illegible]	---	---	+15.4
Norway	2.1	3.1	3.3	1.[illegible]	.8	.9	.7	.9	1.[illegible]	---	---	+25.
Canada	3.9	4.8	4.1	1.2	1.[illegible]	.9	1.3	.9	1.[illegible]	---	---	---
Irish Republic	3.3	2.9	3.6	.9	1.[illegible]	1.[illegible]	.8	.9	1.[illegible]	---	---	---
Total	17[illegible].5	17[illegible].1	131.1	38.3	32.3	34.5	3[illegible].2	34.3	35.8	---	---	+1[illegible].8
	Fabrics											
Exports												
Italy	117.[illegible]	124.9	1[illegible]7.3	23.2	15.2	34.3	33.7	24.1	21.4	---	---	+4[illegible].8
United Kingdom	48.6	45.3	41.7	11.8	1[illegible].6	11.1	1[illegible].6	9.4	1[illegible].4	---	---	-1.9
Belgium	15.2	15.4	11.2	3.6	3.[illegible]	2.6	2.6	2.9	1/2.3	---	---	---
Japan	27.[illegible]	24.1	25.2	5.6	6.1	6.[illegible]	7.[illegible]	6.1	6.5	---	---	+6.6
Netherlands	13.[illegible]	13.2	11.4	2.9	2.6	3.2	3.[illegible]	2.6	2.7	---	---	+3.8
France	13.[illegible]	16.7	16.6	5.1	3.2	4.3	4.3	4.8	2.9	---	---	-9.4
West Germany	7.6	9.6	8.6	2.1	1.7	2.3	2.5	2.1	2.4	---	---	+41.2
Switzerland	3.4	3.9	4.[illegible]	.9	.9	1.1	1.1	1.[illegible]	1.[illegible]	---	---	+11.1
Austria	2.[illegible]	2.9	3.7	.8	.7	.9	.9	1.2	1.[illegible]	---	---	+42.9
Total	246.8	256.[illegible]	229.7	55.9	44.[illegible]	65.8	65.7	54.2	51.8	---	---	+17.7

1/ 2 month total.
2/ 1 month total.
3 Not available, estimate included in total.

Compiled from reports of the Commonwealth Secretariat, Commodities Division.

Table 32.--Man-made fibers: Production in the United States and foreign countries, average, 1947-49, 1950-54 and annual 1954 to date

Calendar year	United States				Foreign countries: Free World			
	Rayon and acetate	Non-cellulosic	Textile glass fiber	Total 1/	Rayon and acetate	Non-cellulosic	Textile glass fiber	Total 1/
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.
Average								
1947-49	1,032	74	--	1,106	1,209	9	--	1,218
1950-54	1,194	207	43	1,444	2,260	68	3	2,331
1954	1,086	285	59	1,430	2,745	121	6	2,872
1955	1,261	379	76	1,716	3,046	171	7	3,224
1956	1,148	400	96	1,645	3,336	236	10	3,582
1957	1,139	516	110	1,766	4,367	335	17	3,819
1958	1,035	490	104	1,629	3,046	375	24	3,445
1959	1,167	645	147	1,960	3,368	557	31	3,956
1960	1,029	677	177	1,883	3,604	793	54	4,451
1961	1,095	751	149	1,995	3,617	970	57	4,644
1962	1,272	973	190	2,435	3,752	1,263	66	5,081
1963	1,349	1,156	192	2,697	4,043	1,604	81	5,728
1964	1,432	1,407	240	3,078	4,349	2,092	98	6,539
1965	1,527	1,777	282	3,586	4,259	2,437	120	6,816
1966	1,519	2,069	332	3,920	4,157	3,014	147	7,318
1967	1,388	2,334	308	4,030	4,109	3,515	174	7,798

Calendar year	Foreign countries: Communist Bloc				World total			
	Rayon and acetate	Non-cellulosic	Textile glass fiber	Total 1/	Rayon and acetate	Non-cellulosic	Textile glass fiber	Total 1/
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.
Average								
1947-49	216	1	--	217	2,460	84	--	2,544
1950-54	490	14	--	504	3,944	289	46	4,279
1954	639	24	--	663	4,469	429	66	4,964
1955	717	37	--	754	5,023	587	83	5,693
1956	768	43	--	811	5,252	679	107	6,038
1957	841	51	--	892	5,448	901	128	6,477
1958	933	58	--	991	5,014	924	127	6,065
1959	1,002	68	--	1,070	5,537	1,271	178	6,986
1960	1,099	78	--	1,177	5,732	1,548	231	7,511
1961	1,200	110	--	1,310	5,912	1,831	207	7,950
1962	1,272	146	--	1,418	6,296	2,382	257	8,935
1963	1,334	181	--	1,515	6,725	2,941	273	9,939
1964	1,449	226	6	1,681	7,229	3,725	344	11,298
1965	1,545	302	28	1,875	7,331	4,516	430	12,277
1966	1,684	383	23	2,090	7,359	5,466	502	13,328
1967	1,773	460	15	2,248	7,269	6,309	497	14,075

1/ Totals were made before data were rounded.

Compiled from Textile Organon.

ANNUAL STATISTICAL SUMMARY
Part I - Prices

Item	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents
Wool								
Average price received by farmers, grease basis 1/	42.0	42.9	47.7	48.5	53.2	47.1	52.1	39.8
Boston, clean basis 2/								
Domestic								
Graded territory								
Fine good French combing and staple	116.5	118.4	124.7	132.6	139.7	124.9	134.9	121.5
1/2 blood good French combing and staple	111.9	111.6	118.1	125.2	133.3	122.7	129.8	111.3
3/8 blood good French combing and staple	109.6	107.0	111.6	119.7	129.5	121.2	124.6	98.0
1/4 blood good French combing and staple	106.8	103.8	108.5	116.8	127.9	119.5	122.5	93.2
Low 1/4 blood	101.0	99.5	100.8	110.3	121.4	111.2	115.9	86.0
Common and braid	95.3	88.8	87.5	95.3	104.0	99.6	106.8	84.3
Graded fleece								
Delaine	117.5	120.6	125.9	135.5	139.0	125.1	134.7	121.8
1/2 blood good French combing and staple	108.5	108.2	114.8	121.2	129.5	120.1	126.1	108.3
3/8 blood good French combing and staple	107.0	103.2	109.0	117.5	128.6	119.2	117.1	90.9
1/4 blood good French combing and staple	104.4	99.9	106.3	115.4	127.7	118.0	115.1	87.4
Low 1/4 blood	97.8	96.0	100.2	106.7	119.5	111.0	113.4	82.8
Common and braid	90.4	83.3	82.5	91.1	102.5	99.6	106.4	81.2
Original bag Texas								
Fine 12 months good French combing and staple	118.6	122.8	130.7	137.2	142.5	124.4	134.5	124.2
Fine 8 months (1" and over)	106.4	109.4	111.7	117.2	126.7	113.4	113.9	103.3
Fine fall (3/4" and over)	98.6	97.1	100.1	103.6	113.8	100.6	104.2	94.8
Imported, excluding duty								
Australian								
64's 70's warp and 1/2 warp	121.6	116.0	120.5	132.1	142.9	120.6	130.9	120.3
64's 70's good topmaking	116.6	111.0	115.5	128.5	138.9	115.6	125.9	115.3
64's, combing	111.6	106.0	110.5	123.7	134.5	110.6	120.9	110.3
56's, 60's combing	106.6	101.0	105.5	118.7	129.5	105.6	115.9	105.0
Montevideo								
0's (58's, 60's)	94.8	87.8	97.3	110.4	122.7	91.8	103.6	91.5
1's (56's)	93.8	86.0	94.2	104.8	118.0	87.4	98.6	82.8
2's (50's)	89.2	84.0	92.1	101.8	114.3	84.3	94.1	76.7
3's (46's, 48's)	85.4	77.5	81.0	95.5	109.8	80.6	84.6	---
4's (44's)	85.4	77.5	81.0	95.1	106.3	78.6	80.4	---
5's (40's)	85.4	77.5	81.0	95.1	106.3	78.6	80.4	---
Buenos Aires								
5's (40's)	81.0	77.5	70.7	83.1	93.8	76.5	69.7	48.4
5/6's (40/36's)	80.3	76.5	66.1	81.5	88.8	72.7	67.4	44.7
Man-made staple fiber								
Viscose, 1-1/2 denier 3/	29.9	27.2	27.0	27.2	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0
Acetate, 5 denier 3/	36.0	36.0	36.0	37.3	40.0	40.0	40.0	---
Nylon, 3 denier 4/	128.0	125.0	124.0	124.0	119.7	103.5	96.0	96.0
Dacron, 3 denier 4/	136.0	127.0	114.8	114.0	99.3	85.2	82.0	65.0
Orlon, 3 denier 4/	128.2	126.0	116.0	106.0	106.0	106.0	106.0	104.6
Acrilan, 3 and 5 denier 4/ 5/	118.0	120.7	116.7	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0	110.0
Dynel, 3 and 6 denier 4/	110.0	104.2	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0

1/ Year beginning April 1 for 1960 through 1962 marketing years, 9-month period beginning April 1 for 1963 marketing year, and calendar year for 1964 and thereafter.
2/ From Weekly Review of the Boston Wool Market.
3/ From Textile Organon.
4/ From Modern Textile Magazine.
5/ Beginning November 1961, 3 denier.

ANNUAL STATISTICAL SUMMARY

Part II - Supplies

Item	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	1968 1/
	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.	Mil. lb.
Production									
As reported:									
Shorn wool	265.3	259.2	246.6	232.4	212.3	201.5	195.1	188.2	175.8
Pulled wool	33.6	34.5	29.9	28.8	25.1	23.3	24.1	23.0	---
Total	298.9	293.7	276.5	261.2	237.4	224.8	219.2	211.2	---
Approximate clean equivalent 2/									
Shorn wool	119.4	116.6	111.0	104.6	101.3	96.1	93.0	89.8	83.9
Pulled wool	25.2	25.9	22.4	21.6	18.3	17.0	17.6	16.8	---
Total	144.6	142.5	133.4	126.2	119.6	113.1	110.6	106.5	---
Stocks, January 1, scoured basis 3/									
Including foreign wool held in bond									
Apparel wool									
Domestic									
56's and finer	46.5	47.3	39.8	29.8	33.9	28.7	31.7	35.0	37.4
46's up to 56's	14.2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Coarser than 46's	.8	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
48's and up to 56's	---	13.9	12.9	12.2	10.9	10.2	14.9	11.9	11.9
46's and coarser	---		2.0	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	.9	1.1
Total domestic 4/	61.9	61.4	57.7	43.3	46.3	40.7	47.8	47.7	50.4
Foreign									
56's and finer	29.1	22.7	25.5	25.6	18.6	22.9	32.9	29.4	22.3
46's up to 56's	4.7	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Coarser than 46's	5.0	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
48's and up to 56's	---	7.2	2.9	4.5	2.9	5.1	6.9	6.4	4.9
46's and coarser	---		4.3	4.3	4.7	4.2	3.9	4.7	3.6
Total foreign 4/	38.8	29.9	32.6	34.4	26.4	32.2	43.7	40.5	30.8
Total apparel	100.7	91.3	87.4	77.7	72.7	72.9	91.4	88.3	81.3
Carpet wool	50.7	40.7	44.5	40.6	41.1	30.4	27.5	29.5	26.5
Total apparel and carpet	151.4	132.0	131.9	118.3	113.8	103.3	118.9	117.8	107.8
Excluding foreign wool held in bond									
Apparel wool	86.9	81.3	77.5	66.4	64.1	59.9	72.8	75.5	71.5
Carpet wool	37.5	30.5	36.8	36.7	37.8	27.8	26.2	27.4	24.9
Total apparel and carpet	124.4	111.8	114.3	103.1	101.9	87.7	99.0	102.9	96.4
Imports for consumption									
Clean content									
Dutiable wool									
Finer than 56's	55.9	72.0	95.3	79.2	67.8	119.2	117.7	77.0	---
46's to 56's	6.7	7.2	12.2	13.9	11.4	24.5	21.2	19.8	---
44's to 46's	1.3	.9	1.7	.8	1.3	.7	2.4	1.2	---
40's to 44's	1.9	2.7	4.4	4.2	4.4	5.7	7.2	2.7	---
Not finer than 40's	7.0	5.4	9.7	9.9	11.3	11.4	12.2	7.0	---
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	1.3	1.8	2.3	1.1	2.2	1.1	1.8	1.4	---
Total dutiable	5/74.3	5/90.3	5/125.8	5/109.2	98.4	162.6	162.5	109.1	---
Duty-free wool									
Donskoi, Smyrna, etc.	51.5	46.3	34.5	41.3	31.5	22.9	20.8	11.7	---
Not finer than 40's	85.2	86.6	60.0	63.8	47.3	47.1	40.2	29.9	---
40's to 44's	13.9	16.5	23.6	26.8	19.4	25.2	38.4	27.3	---
44's to 46's	3.3	8.0	25.3	36.0	15.6	13.7	15.2	9.2	---
Total duty-free	153.9	157.3	143.5	168.0	113.9	108.9	114.6	78.2	---
Total free and dutiable	228.2	247.7	269.2	277.2	212.3	271.6	277.2	187.3	---
Actual weight									
Dutiable wool	106.9	130.1	181.3	155.1	139.4	233.1	234.0	154.4	---
Duty-free wool	202.4	205.9	181.1	213.4	143.7	136.1	141.9	95.2	---
Total free and dutiable	309.3	336.0	362.4	368.5	283.1	369.2	376.0	249.5	---
Exports of domestic wool, clean content 6/									
Apparel wool	.1	.2	.1	.2	.1	.6	.1	.1	---
Carpet wool	.2	.1	7/	7/	.1				---
Total apparel and carpet	.3	.3	.1	.2	.2	.6	.1	.1	---

1/ Preliminary.
2/ Production as reported converted on basis of 45 percent yield for shorn wool for 1960, to 1963, and 47.7 percent 1964 to date; 75 percent yield for pulled wool through 1963, 72.9 percent 1964 and thereafter.
3/ Includes wool held on consignment and wool in process of manufacture up to the carding operation, but excludes wool held by the Commodity Credit Corporation for the Department of Defense and wool held by or for the account of growers (except that held on consignment for growers).
4/ Includes a small quantity of wool for which grade is not stated.
5/ Includes a small quantity of carbonized wool for which grade is not reported.
6/ Includes exports of foreign wool scoured or otherwise advanced in condition in the United States.
Stocks and imports data compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census, Production data from SRS.

ANNUAL STATISTICAL SUMMARY
Part III - Mill Activity

Item	Unit	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967 1/
Mill consumption 2/									
Annual aggregates									
Apparel wool (domestic and duty-paid foreign)	Million pounds								
60's and finer									
Worsted system	do.	73.3	92.9	102.8	80.3	74.6	102.7	103.2	82.9
Woolen system	do.	46.5	51.7	51.3	45.0	38.6	41.3	34.5	30.4
Total 60's and finer	do.	119.8	144.6	154.1	125.3	113.2	144.0	137.7	113.3
50's up to 60's									
Worsted system	do.	53.0	51.3	61.1	60.8	57.3	---	---	---
Woolen system	do.	53.5	49.2	49.1	48.6	44.6	52.6	54.2	50.6
Total 50's up to 60's	do.	106.5	100.5	110.2	109.4	101.9	---	---	---
48's and coarser									
Worsted system	do.	6.5	6.3	6.4	8.5	9.8	---	---	---
Woolen system	do.	13.6	11.8	9.5	8.2	9.0	7.7	7.4	6.3
Total 48's and coarser	do.	20.1	18.1	15.9	16.7	18.8	---	---	---
Total apparel wool	do.	246.4	263.1	280.2	251.3	233.9	274.7	266.6	228.7
Carpet wool (duty-free foreign)	do.	164.6	149.1	148.9	160.4	122.7	112.3	103.6	83.9
Total apparel and carpet	do.	411.0	412.1	429.1	411.7	356.6	387.0	370.2	312.5
Average weekly rates	1,000 pounds								
Apparel wool		4,738	5,059	5,389	4,833	4,414	5,283	5,127	4,397
Carpet wool	do.	3,167	2,867	2,863	3,085	2,315	2,160	1,992	1,613
Total apparel and carpet	do.	7,905	7,926	8,252	7,918	6,729	7,443	7,119	6,010
Per capita									
Apparel wool	Pounds	1.36	1.43	1.50	1.33	1.22	1.41	1.35	1.15
Carpet wool	do.	.91	.81	.80	.85	.64	.58	.53	.42
Total apparel and carpet	do.	2.27	2.24	2.30	2.17	1.86	1.99	1.88	1.57
Woolen and worsted fabric production 3/									
Woven fabric (except felt)	Million linear yards								
Apparel									
Government orders		3.3	4.3	8.6	3.8	2.5	5.4	11.2	9.9
Men's and boys' wear	do.	114.8	103.0	111.0	97.2	81.5	95.2	86.7	69.5
Women's and children's wear	do.	162.7	172.9	181.7	173.0	163.4	157.4	152.4	145.6
Total apparel fabric	do.	280.8	280.1	301.2	273.9	247.3	257.9	250.4	225.0
Nonapparel									
Blanketing	do.	4.1	4.5	5.9	7.6	5.2	6.8	10.4	8.5
Draperies and furniture upholstery	do.	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Transportation upholstery	do.	.2	.9	.6	.1	---	---	---	---
Other	do.	1.3	1.3	2.1	2.8	---	---	---	---
Total nonapparel	do.	5.7	6.7	8.6	10.5	7.9	9.4	14.5	12.8
Total woven fabric (except felt)	do.	286.5	286.9	309.9	284.4	255.2	267.3	264.9	237.7
Woven felt	Million pounds								
Papermakers		7.2	7.3	7.5	7.0	6.3	6.0	6.5	7.7
Other	do.	1.6	1.4	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.2	2.1
Total woven felt	do.	8.9	8.7	9.2	8.6	7.9	7.8	8.7	9.9

1/ Preliminary.
2/ Consumption on the woolen and worsted systems only. Wool is considered as consumed on the woolen system when laid in mixes; consumption on the worsted system is taken as the sum of top and noil combined.
3/ Fabrics wholly or chiefly by weight of wool, reused wool, reprocessed wool or other animal fibers.

Compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census.

ANNUAL STATISTICAL SUMMARY FOR MOHAIR

Item	Unit	1960	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
		Supplies and consumption							
Domestic production 1/									
As reported	1,000 pounds	24,467	26,411	27,215	29,007	29,736	32,420	29,576	26,275
Approximate scoured equivalent 2/	do.	20,063	21,657	22,316	23,786	24,384	26,584	24,252	21,546
Reported stocks, scoured basis, January 1 3/	do.	2,098	4,104	6,171	6,789	4,167	7,663	8,869	15,029
Imports for consumption, clean content 4/	do.	28	0	41	4	61	4	10	0
Exports, clean content 5/	do.	13,511	13,523	12,540	14,200	2,657	8,508	10,667	10,330
Mill consumption, scoured basis	do.	6/	6/	6/	6/	6/	6/	6/	6/
Worsted system	do.	6/	6/	6/	6/	6/	6/	6/	6/
Woolen system	do.	6/	6/	6/	6/	6/	6/	6/	6/
		Prices							
Average price received by farmers, grease basis 7/	Cents per pounds	89.7	85.6	71.4	88.1	94.3	65.5	53.7	40.9
Boston market prices for Texas mohair, grease basis									
Sorted									
40's	do.	245.2	221.2	194.2	207.2	211.2	176.1	181.8	190.2
36's	do.	232.6	213.8	184.2	197.2	200.3	157.7	167.8	168.7
32's	do.	197.7	198.2	166.9	184.9	187.5	141.7	129.8	147.6
30's	do.	162.9	154.0	142.3	153.2	159.4	113.7	108.8	110.6
28's	do.	138.3	137.2	118.6	137.8	145.3	99.5	91.7	75.3
26's	do.	128.6	120.6	101.7	113.2	122.2	87.7	77.4	66.0
22's	do.	107.9	103.2	85.7	88.1	104.1	72.8	60.6	51.0
18's	do.	102.6	97.6	82.5	83.1	97.7	67.0	56.7	48.5

1/ Production in 7 leading States (Arizona, California, Missouri, New Mexico, Oregon, Texas, and Utah).

2/ Production as reported converted on basis of 82 percent yield, the yield factor adopted by the Bureau of the Census to convert stocks reported greasy to a scoured basis.

3/ Includes mohair held on consignment, foreign mohair held in bond, and mohair in process of manufacture up to the carding operation but excludes mohair held for the account of or by growers.

4/ Includes only mohair not advanced in any manner or by any process of manufacture beyond washed, scoured or carbonized condition.

5/ Includes mohair and other wool like specialty hair.

6/ Not available. Bureau of the Census reports show only combined figure for mohair, alpaca, vicuna, etc., on woolen system.

7/ Weighted average.

Data on stocks, imports, exports, and consumption compiled from reports of the Bureau of the Census; Boston market prices compiled from Weekly Review of the Boston Wool Market (USDA). Production data from Crop Reporting Board, SRS.

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Annual Outlook Conference Scheduled for February 1969

The National Agricultural Outlook Conference, which has been held in mid-November in recent years, has been scheduled for February 17 to 20, 1969. The Conference will give more emphasis to the general economic situation with limited time devoted to the Commodity Sessions.

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